



Council of the
European Union

Brussels, 15 September 2021
(OR. en)

11389/21

LIMITE

**JAI 933
ASIM 59
RELEX 721**

NOTE

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| From: | Commission Services |
| To: | Delegations |
| Subject: | Update on the state of play of external cooperation in the field of migration policy |

Delegations will find attached an update on state of play of external cooperation in the field of migration policy, issued by the Commission Services.

**UPDATE ON STATE OF PLAY OF EXTERNAL COOPERATION
IN THE FIELD OF MIGRATION POLICY
14 SEPTEMBER 2021**

The European Commission adopted the New Pact on Migration and Asylum on 23 September 2020, which contains a strong component on partnerships with third countries.

This document provides an updated overview of the main external migration dialogues and processes since 2019. The document is compiled for the information of the Working Party on the External Aspects of Asylum and Migration by the responsible European Commission and EEAS services.

This document also serves as a tool to follow-up the implementation of the European Council Conclusions (on migration) of 24-25 June 2021, as well as the outcomes of the Jumbo Meeting of the Home Affairs and the Foreign Affairs Ministers of 15 March 2021.

This document was formally known as the Global Approach to Migration Management (GAMM) update covering dialogues and processes since 2005.

Part 1- Bilateral dialogues

(A) AFRICAN COUNTRIES

Cabo Verde

In 2007, the EU and Cabo Verde agreed on a Special Partnership Agreement. The Mobility Partnership with Cabo Verde was signed in 2007. Cabo Verde ratified visa facilitation and readmission agreements in October 2014. They entered into force on 1 December 2014. The visa facilitation and readmission agreement text has been amended to include further mobility facilitations. The negotiations started in October 2019 and were concluded on 24 July 2020 and on 18 March 2021 the amendment of the EU-Cabo Verde Visa Facilitation Agreement was signed. The text has now been transmitted to the European Parliament. It is expected that the amended agreement will enter into force this autumn.

Recent and upcoming events

| | | |
|-------------------|--|--|
| 10 September 2019 | 4th EU-Cabo Verde Joint Visa Facilitation Committee meeting – Brussels | Meeting confirmed the overall satisfactory implementation of the Visa Facilitation Agreement. The Commission requested the Council the authorization for opening negotiations to amend the EU-Cabo Verde VFA (notably to adjust to Visa Code) and the Council adopted the mandate on the 24 October. |
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| 28 November 2019 | Formal opening of negotiations on Visa Facilitation Agreement - Brussels | |
| 30 January 2020 | Further round of talks on Agreement – Praia | |
| 24 July 2020 | Initialling of agreement text via email | |
| 21 March 2021 | Signing of amendment of the EU-Cabo Verde Visa Facilitation Agreement | |
| 14 July 2021 | Amended agreement text sent to European Parliament for vote of consent | All EP groups in favour except for one |
| 29 June 2021 | EU-Cabo Verde Ministerial in Lisbon | Migration and VFA on the agenda |

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| <p>Ethiopia <i>The Common Agenda on Migration and Mobility (CAMM) was signed by the EU and Ethiopia on in November 2015. A Joint Declaration "Towards an EU-Ethiopia Strategic Engagement", including a sectoral dialogue on migration, was also signed on 14 June 2016. Procedures for identification and returns of Ethiopian irregular migrants from Europe were approved by the Council on 29 January 2018.</i></p> | | |
| <p>Recent and upcoming events</p> | | |
| 24 January 2019 | Visit of PM Abiy to Brussels | Meetings with President Tusk, President Juncker and the HR/VP |
| 9 February 2019 | EU-Ethiopia Ministerial Meeting, Addis Ababa | Co-chaired by the HR/VP and the Ethiopian MFA. Both sides acknowledged the need for further actions and cooperation, in particular to continue adequately implementing the Joint Valletta Action Plan. Both sides underscored the need for continued dialogue on migration between EU and Ethiopia. |
| 13 May 2019 | Joint Working Group on the implementation of Admission Procedures, Brussels | |
| 8 October 2019 | First Technical Meeting on the implementation of Admission Procedures, Addis Ababa | |
| 28 November 2019 | 2 nd meeting of the Joint Working Group on the implementation of Admission Procedures + Consular Workshop, Warsaw | |
| 26-28 February 2020 | Visit of Commissioner Johansson to Addis Abba, as part of the College to College discussions with the African Union. | |
| 9-10 February 2021 | Finnish Foreign Minister Haavisto meeting with PM Abiy, at the request of HR/VP | |
| 4-9 April 2021 | Second mission of Finnish Foreign Minister Haavisto mandated by the HR/VP | |

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| Niger |
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High-Level Dialogue on migration launched on 18 September 2015. The EUCAP Sahel Niger mission was enlarged in July 2015 including a new objective on migration. The EUCAP field office in Agadez opened April 2016. Since November 2017, refugees have been evacuated in a humanitarian evacuation scheme from Libya to Niger via the Emergency Transit Mechanism in Niger.

Recent and upcoming events

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|----------------|--|---|
| January 2019 | Sherpa visit to Niger | Visit to the border with Algeria and meetings with the Minister of Interior, the Minister of Plan as well as implementing partners and local authorities. |
| July 2019 | HR/VP visit to Niger | Meeting with Nigerien authorities in the context of the Sahel tour on occasion of the G5 Sahel Ministerial in Ouagadougou. |
| 23 April 2021 | HR/VP visit to Niger | Meeting with Nigerien authorities in the context of the Sahel tour (Part of visit to Mauritania, Mali and Niger on 21-24 April 2021); |
| 16 June 2021 | RSUE visit to Niger | Meeting with Nigerien authorities in the context of his end of mandate |
| 13 July 2021 | Meeting Minister of Interior with Executive Director of EASO | |
| 06 August 2021 | 6th meeting of Migration Cooperation Forum with the government of Niger (Cadre de Concertation sur la Migration (CCM)) | First meeting since 2019. |

Nigeria

Under the umbrella of the EU-Nigeria Ministerial meetings, several political dialogues session on migration have taken place in the last few years. A Common Agenda on Migration and Mobility (CAMM) was signed on 12 March 2015. 5 rounds of the EU Readmission Agreement negotiations took place but stalled at the end of the electoral period in Nigeria in 2018. On 18 November 2021 the 7th EU Nigeria Ministerial saw the relaunching of a high level political dialogue with this key partner country, after a 4-year hiatus, with a confirmed commitment towards a strategic, comprehensive and balanced partnership. Both Parties strongly stated their common will to step up cooperation on migration and security, and agree to relaunch readmission negotiations. Following five additional rounds of negotiations at the start of 2021, it was decided to refer back to the political level in order to get guidance on the continuation of these talks and the contentious issues identified. Commissioner Urpilainen spoke to the Nigerian Minister of Foreign Affairs in June 2021, including on this issue. These negotiations are embedded in wider EU-Nigeria relations on migration and mobility (protection, remittances, fight against trafficking and smuggling, legal migration), of which achieving the conditions of an actual and effective cooperation on return and readmission constitute a key aspect.

| Recent and upcoming events | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| 11-12 June 2018 | Visit of Nigerian Delegation to Brussels | Discussion on Migration and Mobility package (including growth and investment, legal migration, Erasmus +, smuggling, THB, border security management, digital identity) and continuation of the Readmission Agreement negotiations. |
| 13-14 September 2018 | Mission to Abuja | Continuation of the Readmission Agreement negotiations |
| 19-20 November 2018 | Visit of Nigerian Delegation to Brussels | Continuation of the Readmission Agreement negotiations (5 th round of negotiations). |
| 16 November 2020 | Bilateral VTC between C SSR Johansson and Nigerian Minister of Foreign Affairs | To discuss migration and security prior to the Ministerial meeting, including testing the political will to relaunch the readmission negotiations. |
| 18 November 2020 | EU-Nigeria Ministerial Summit | Relaunch a comprehensive dialogue for cooperation and launch of a strategic partnership. Ministerial also allowed for relaunching of stalled readmission negotiations. |
| 28 January 2021 | Resumption of the negotiations on the readmission agreement (6 th round) | Full day session with a presentation of the new Pact and the resumption of the negotiations on the readmission agreement. |
| 18 February 2021 | 7 th round of the negotiations on the readmission agreement | Discussion on the provisions of the text |
| 25 February 2021 | 8 th round of the negotiations on the readmission agreement | Discussion on the provisions of the text |
| 2 March 2021 | 9 th round of the negotiations on the readmission agreement | Discussion on the provisions of the text |
| 18 March 2021 | 10 th round of the negotiations on the readmission agreement | Negotiations referred to political level; a number of outstanding issues remain unresolved at technical level. |
| 17- 22 June 2021 | Commissioner Urpilainen's discussion with the Nigerian Minister of Foreign Affairs Onyeama. | The Ministerial roadmap and the readmission negotiations were addressed. |
| 30 June | Letter from MFA Onyeama to HRVP on Ministerial Roadmap | MFA indicated Nigeria's commitment to resume readmission negotiations. |

Senegal

Partnership compact launched by visit of Commissioner Avramopoulos in Dakar on 26 July 2016.

Political dialogue with the EU on migration started in 2016, but political commitments have not been fully turned into action so far; progress on returns and readmissions from Europe remains limited.

In 2020, Senegal has pleaded for more legal pathways towards the EU. It has lamented the no-lifting of restrictions on non-essential travel towards and from Senegal (with a negative impact on the tourism industry, as many tourists are from the EU) while it asked for EU support to relaunch the economy in the aftermath of the COVID crisis. Following the significant increase of irregular flows towards the Canary Islands, as well as a number of shipwrecks and incidents which affected Senegalese nationals, Senegal has asked the EU and relevant EUMS to enhance joint efforts in reducing irregular flows, fighting migrant smugglers and saving lives at sea.

Recent and upcoming events

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|--------------------|--|---|
| 15 May 2019 | Meeting in Brussels between Commissioner Avramopoulos and M. Mamadou Diagna Ndiaye, President of the National Olympic and Sport Committee of Senegal | Senegal is looking for financial support in the frame of the Youth Summer Olympic Games 2022 to be hosted in the country. They see the event as an opportunity to create jobs and address the root causes of irregular migration. |
| 12 June 2019 | EBCGA and Senegalese authorities Inaugurated the AFIC Risk analysis cell in Senegal | |
| 9 July 2019 | EBCGA's mission to Dakar | To finalise the Working Arrangements (with the DG of National Police) and the Umbrella agreement (with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs). The finalisation is still pending. |
| 13 – 14 April 2021 | Meetings of Commissioner Johansson and Commissioner Urpilainen with President of Senegal M. Sall | The commitment of both sides to step up cooperation in a balanced and comprehensive way was noted. |

(B) SOUTHERN MEDITERRANEAN COUNTRIES

Morocco

The EU-Morocco Association Agreement entered into force in 2000. A Mobility Partnership was signed in June 2013. Since 2013, the EU supports the implementation of Morocco's National Strategy on Migration and Asylum. The Commission has a mandate to negotiate a readmission agreement since 2000 and, also a mandate to negotiate a visa facilitation agreement. A single round of negotiations on both agreements took place in January 2015.

After several years of stalemate (within the general freeze of the relations EU-Morocco) the dialogue was formally relaunched in 2019 (Association Council of 27 June 2019). Morocco recognises Migration and Security as central areas for cooperation with the EU. Morocco has engaged substantially, reducing significantly the flow of irregular migrants arriving to the EU via the Mediterranean sea, however, the pressure is now extremely high on the Canary islands route.

During the visit of Commissioner Johansson and Commissioner Várhelyi to Rabat (1-2 December 2020) a new impetus was given to the dialogue and cooperation on migration with Morocco. The holding of the next informal migration dialogue (timing tbc) and the relaunch of the negotiations on visa facilitation and readmission remains a priority for the EU.

Among its neighbours, the EU's second largest cooperation portfolio on migration is with Morocco, with a total of EUR 346 million to date, largely financed under the EU Trust Fund for Africa-North Africa window. This includes the EUR 101.7 million programme of budget support launched at the end of 2019 to support the Ministry of Interior in the management of migratory flows, the fight against migrant

| <i>smuggling and the support of vulnerable migrants in Morocco.</i> | | |
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| Recent and upcoming events | | |
| 16 January 2019 | Positive EP vote on Agriculture Agreement and HRVP visit to Rabat to mark the relaunch of relations | |
| 12 February 2019 | Positive EP vote on Fisheries Agreement | |
| 25 April 2019 | Visit by Head of Cabinet of Csr Avramopoulos to Rabat to meet senior officials | |
| 20-21 June 2019 | Moroccan and EU Senior Officials Meeting (HOME/NEAR/EEAS) in Brussels | Relaunch of the mobility EU-Morocco dialogue under the Mobility Partnership of 2013 on cooperation on migration and security ahead of the Association Council. |
| 27 June 2019 | EU-Morocco Association Council | Joint political declaration that includes references to cooperation on migration and mobility |
| 28/29 August 2019 | Commission (NEAR/HOME) mission to Morocco | |
| 31 October 2019 | First Joint Committee EBCGA-Morocco in Warsaw | |
| 10 December 2019 | Operational Committee of the EUTF for Africa – North of Africa window | Additional package on border management and the fight against human trafficking and migrant smuggling |
| 11 June 2020 | Launch of the high level dialogue Europol- Morocco | |
| 13 July 2020 | Ministerial Conference of the Ministers of Interior of EU Member States and Partner Countries on countering Migrant Smuggling | Chaired by Italian Minister Luciana Lamorgese with the participation of Commissioners Johansson and Várhelyi |
| 7 October 2020 | Second Joint Committee EBCGA-Morocco (VTC) | |
| 1-2 December 2020 | Visit of Commissioner Johansson to Morocco (together with Csr Várhelyi) | |
| 2021 (tbc) | Informal migration and security dialogue including possible relaunch of negotiations of Visa facilitation/readmission. <i>A meeting of the Social Affairs and Migration Subcommittee will take place in the wake of the dialogue.</i> | Chaired by DG HOME |

Tunisia

The EU-Tunisia Association Agreement entered into force in 1998. EU-Tunisia Sub-Committees on Social Affairs and Migration are expected to take place once per year (last one took place in November 2018).

A Mobility Partnership was signed on 3 March 2014 between Tunisia and the EU. Visa Facilitation and a Readmission are part of the mobility partnership and the Commission has a mandate to negotiate such agreements. The last negotiation round took place in January 2019.

The EU supports Tunisia in the implementation of the priorities of the National Strategy on Migration such as mobilising Tunisians abroad for investment in the country; providing social and economic assistance to Tunisian returnees as well as to young Tunisians prone to migration in regions most affected by emigration. The EU also supports Tunisia in the development of an Integrated Border Management system.

Recent and upcoming events

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| 22-23 January 2019 | Last round for Visa Facilitation Agreement and Readmission Agreement | |
| 11 April 2019 | EU-Tunisia Association Committee | Migration and Mobility on the agenda |
| 17 May 2019 | EU-Tunisia Association Council | Migration and mobility on the agenda |
| 13 July 2020 | Ministerial Conference of the Ministers of Interior of EU Member States and Partner Countries on countering Migrant Smuggling | Chaired by Italian Minister Luciana Lamorgese with the participation of Commissioners Johansson and Várhelyi |
| 17 August 2020 | Mission to Tunisia of Commissioner Johansson and Commissioner Várhelyi, together with MoI and MFA of Italy | |
| 10 March 2021 | Sub-committee on justice and security | |
| 20 /21 May 2021 | Mission to Tunisia of Commissioner Johansson together with Italian Minister of Interior Lamorgese | |
| 4 June 2021 | Visit of Tunisia President Kais Saied to Brussels; meetings with Presidents von der Leyen, Charles Michel, David Sassoli | |
| 9-10 September 2021 | HRVP Borrell's mission to Tunis; meetings with President Kais Saied and Minister of Foreign Affairs Othman Jerandi | |
| Autumn 2021 (tbc) | Sub-committee on Migration and Social Affairs | |
| November 2021 (tbc) | EU-Tunisia Association Committee | |
| December 2021 (tbc) | EU-Tunisia Association Council | |

Algeria

The EU-Algeria Association Agreement entered into force on 1 September 2005. The Commission received a mandate to negotiate a readmission agreement with Algeria in November 2002. No negotiation has so far taken place. Migration and mobility is one of the 5 Partnership priorities adopted in March 2017, currently being renewed.

Algeria is eligible for funding under the EU Trust Fund for Africa but has not expressed an interest.

| Recent and upcoming events | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| 20 February 2019 | 5 th session of the Algeria-EU informal Dialogue on migration and mobility (Algiers) | Chaired by HOME Director Marta Cygan |
| 13 July 2020 | Ministerial Conference of the Ministers of Interior of EU Member States and Partner Countries on countering Migrant Smuggling | Chaired by Italian Minister Luciana Lamorgese with the participation of Commissioners Johansson and Várhelyi, Algerian Minister of Interior Kamal Beldjoud |
| 7 December 2020 | EU-Algeria Association Council (VTC) | Co-chaired by High Representative/Vice President J. Borrell and the Algerian Minister of Foreign Affairs S. Boukadoum. Commissioner Johansson and Minister Boukadoum discussed migration and mobility in a dedicated session. |
| 1 July 2021 | EU-Algeria informal dialogue on migration and mobility | Co-chaired by DG HOME DDG Mr Johannes LUCHNER, with participation from EUDEL, EEAS, NEAR, SG and JHA counsellors as observers and on the Algerian side - Mr Cherif OUALID (Directeur des Affaires Consulaires, Direction Générale des Affaires Consulaires et de la Communauté Nationale à l'Étranger, Ministère des Affaires Étrangères), with participation from the ministries of foreign affairs, the interior, labour and social affairs, the gendarmerie nationale. |
| 13 September 2021 | Sub-committee on Justice and Home Affairs | Co-chaired by EEAS Head of Department Rosamaria Gili and Director Nor-eddine BENFREHA (MFA, Directeur de la coopération avec l'UE et des institutions européennes). |

Egypt

Relations between the EU and Egypt are governed by an Association Agreement since 2004. The EU-Egypt Partnership Priorities were adopted on 25 July 2017 and include a chapter on the strengthening of bilateral co-operation on migration and mobility. On 16 December 2017, Commissioner Avramopoulos and Egyptian FM Shoukry launched the EU-Egypt Migration Dialogue.

In Egypt, a EUR 60 million programme under the EU Trust Fund for Africa programme was adopted in May 2017 to boost job opportunities in areas prone to migration, creating employment and building skills of young people – as well as supporting labour-intensive infrastructure development in cities hosting migrants, and other actions (SMEs, skills, health care) for areas with a high concentration of migrants. The Financing Agreement was only ratified by the Egyptian Parliament on 14th April 2019. Two out of the seven projects have been launched, four are being contracted and two are still waiting for clearance by Egypt.

Recent and upcoming events

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|---------------------|---|---|
| 25 June 2019 | Visit of Commissioner Avramopoulos for the second round of the Migration Dialogue | Main purpose to ensure political continuity to the Migration Dialogue and discussion on Security. |
| 10 July 2019 | Senior Officials meeting on migration in Cairo | To follow up on the 2 nd round of the Migration Dialogue at the technical level |
| 3 September 2019 | EU Counterterrorism dialogue Coordinator visit to Egypt | To relaunch the dialogue on counterterrorism with Egypt. |
| 27 November 2019 | Meeting of the 7 th EU-Egypt Stability Cluster, Cairo | The meeting covered counterterrorism, migration and asylum, as well as consular issues. |
| 3-4 February 2020 | EASO consultation meeting with Egyptian authorities in Malta | Opportunities for future cooperation |
| 18-19 February 2020 | Seminar organised by EASO on asylum in Alexandria | Asylum systems and procedures under the Common European Asylum System |
| 3 September 2020 | HRVP visit to Cairo | To discuss bilateral and regional relations; migration pact was briefly raised |
| 4-9 October 2020 | EASO technical level mission to Cairo | Future cooperation |
| 5 November 2020 | President of the European Council Michel visit to Cairo | To discuss bilateral and regional relations including fight against terrorism |
| 12 July 2021 | Meeting between Commissioner Johansson and Egyptian Foreign Minister Shoukry | Discuss migration and security cooperation, raise EU intention to hold the next Migration Dialogue meeting in autumn 2021 |
| 05 October 2021 | EU-Egypt 7th meeting of Association Committee, | |
| November 2021 (tbc) | Migration Dialogue | |

Libya

The overriding priority of EU action is to support a transition towards a stable, democratic and united Libya. The EU contributes to the Berlin Process and the United Nations' efforts for a peaceful resolution of the Libyan crisis, including through the organisation of national elections by 24 December 2021. The EU co-chairs the Economic Working Group for a more prosperous Libya.

Promoting human rights remains a priority.

The EU aims to strengthen democracy, the rule of law and legitimate national institutions for a stable, resilient and prosperous Libya. Stabilisation is a prerequisite for developing a rights-based migration management system in Libya and for the EU-Libya partnership on migration.

CSDP Operation Iryni plays an important role in implementing the UN arms embargo on Libya and, as its secondary tasks, prevent the illicit export of petroleum, train the Libyan Coast Guard and Navy in law enforcement tasks at sea and disrupt the business model of human smuggling and trafficking networks.

Recent and upcoming events:

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|------------------|--|---|
| 4 April 2021 | Visit to Tripoli by European Council President Charles Michel | First EU-level meeting with new Government of National Unity (GNU) |
| 28 May 2021 | Visit to Tripoli by Commissioner Varhelyi with Italian and Maltese Foreign Ministers Di Maio and Bartolo | Meeting to discuss with GNU closer economic cooperation with the EU |
| 7 June 2021 | Visit to Tripoli by Commissioner Johansson | Meeting with GNU to discuss new areas of cooperation in migration and border security |
| 8 September 2021 | Visit to Tripoli by HRVP Borrell | Meeting with GNU on a range of issues related to stabilisation, political and economic reform |

Jordan

Relations between the EU and Jordan are governed by an Association Agreement which entered into force in 2002. On 12 December 2012, the EU and Jordan launched a Dialogue on Migration, Mobility and Security. On 9 October 2014, the EU and Jordan signed a Mobility Partnership. First bilateral discussions on visa facilitation and readmission took place in November 2016, but were afterwards put on hold by the Jordanian side, mainly due to concerns over third country nationals' clause in the readmission agreement. In 2016, the EU and Jordan adopted the Partnership Priorities, migration and mobility being one of them.

| Recent and upcoming events | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| 17 June 2019 | EU raised Mobility Partnership in Association Council. | EU reiterated that it is ready to relaunch the negotiation process on visa facilitation and readmission, and encouraged Jordan to actively explore all opportunities provided by the Mobility Partnership. |
| 26 May 2021 | EU-Jordan Subcommittee on justice and security | |
| 31 May 2021 | EU – Jordan Association Committee | Discussed a range of subjects including security and then Mobility Partnership |

| Lebanon | | |
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| <p><i>Relations between the EU and Lebanon are governed by an Association Agreement signed in June 2002 (entered into force in April 2006). On 10 December 2014, the EU and Lebanon launched a Dialogue on Migration, Mobility and Security. In 2016, the EU and Lebanon adopted the Partnership Priorities for the period 2016-2020 (extended until end 2021), migration and mobility being one of them.</i></p> <p><i>Lebanon expressed in May 2019 an interest in starting the negotiations for a Visa facilitation agreement.</i></p> <p><i>In the autumn 2019, there were signals that Lebanon would be willing to relaunch the negotiations on the Mobility Partnership, but no concrete follow-up steps have been taken by Lebanon so far (also due to the deteriorating political, financial, economic and social situation).</i></p> | | |
| Recent and upcoming events | | |
| 7 December 2020 | FAC adopted Council Conclusions on Lebanon | |
| 18-20 June 2021 | HR/VP visit to Lebanon | |

| (C) Western Balkans (Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo*, North Macedonia, Montenegro, Serbia) | | |
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| <p><i>Cooperation with all Western Balkans partners remains a top political priority for the EU. The work with the Western Balkan partners is also enhanced by the 2018 Western Balkan Strategy and its six flagship initiatives, including on security and migration. All partners except Kosovo* enjoy a visa-free regime with the EU.</i></p> <p><i>The Western Balkan partners are transit countries for migrants. Partnership with the Western Balkans is a good example of the comprehensive approach to migration management as set out in the New Pact. Through the support of the JHA Agencies and with significant financial assistance, the EU is working closely with partners in the region in the area of asylum and reception, border management, return and readmission, migrant smuggling, and sharing of information.</i></p> <p><i>There are various Justice and Home Affairs subcommittee meetings and joint readmission committees with Western Balkan partners.</i></p> | | |

| Recent and upcoming events | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| 15 May 2019 | EU – Western Balkans JHA SOM, Brussels | Cooperation and challenges in managing migration discussed. |
| 18- 19 November 2019 | EU – Western Balkans JHA Ministerial, Skopje | Cooperation and challenges in managing migration were among discussed topics. |
| 22 October 2020 | EU – Western Balkans JHA Ministerial, VTC | Commissioner Johansson and Commissioner Várhelyi attended the meeting and conveyed the priorities in the Western Balkans in the context of the New Pact. |
| 17 May 2021 | EU – Western Balkans JHA SOM | Asylum, migration, border management and police cooperation in the area of prevention and investigation of child sexual exploitation online and off-line were discussed. |
| 9 - 10 June 2021 | Brdo Process Ministerial conference | Main topics were the management of mixed migration and the prevention and investigation of online child sexual abuse. |
| 24 June 2021 | Salzburg Forum Ministerial | Schengen, Joint Coordination Platform for the Western Balkans |
| 29 June 2021 | Berlin Process Ministerial | Home Affairs Ministers in the framework of the Berlin Process (focus on security) |
| 30 September 2021 | President von der Leyen's mission to the Western Balkans | President von der Leyen will visit Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo, Montenegro, North Macedonia and Serbia. |
| 6 October 2021 | EU – WB Summit | |
| 2-3 December 2021 | EU – Western Balkans JHA Ministerial | |

ALBANIA

Albania formally agreed an association with the EU by signing a Stabilisation and Association Agreement in 2006 (entry into force in 2009). Albania was awarded candidate status in 2014. The accession negotiations were opened in 2020.

Albania has agreements or arrangements signed with the European Border and Coast Guard Agency (Frontex)(2019) with teams deployed at EU borders, Europol (2013), CEPOL (2013), and the European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA) (2019), and has signed the 2019 Joint Action Plan on Counter-Terrorism for the Western Balkans.

The fourth report under the Visa Suspension Mechanism adopted in August 2021 confirmed that Albania has taken actions identified in the Third Report and the visa liberalisation benchmarks continue to be fulfilled.

Recent and upcoming events:

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| 20 February 2021 | Commissioner Johansson's mission to Albania | Meeting with Minister of the Interior and visiting Frontex joint teams at the border with Greece |
| 24 April 2021 | 11th EU-Albania Sub-Committee on Justice, Freedom and Security | |

BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Bosnia and Herzegovina formally agreed an association with the EU through the Stabilisation and Association Agreement which entered into force on 1 June 2015. Bosnia and Herzegovina applied for EU membership in February 2016. On the basis of the Commission's Opinion, the EU Council endorsed in 2019 the 14 key priorities the country needs to fulfil to open EU accession negotiations. These cover a number of issues including democracy /functionality, the rule of law, fundamental rights, and public administration reform. Under key priority 8, Bosnia and Herzegovina needs to ensure the effective functioning of border management, migration and asylum systems.

A Status Agreement with the EU, allowing the European Border and Coast Guard Agency (Frontex) to deploy teams in the country, was initialled in 2019 but has not been signed yet. A Working Arrangement with Frontex on operational cooperation was signed in 2009. Bosnia and Herzegovina has an Agreement on Operational and Strategic Co-operation with Europol (2016) and a Working Arrangement with CEPOL (2014). In January 2021, the European Asylum Support Office (EASO) agreed on a roadmap with Bosnia and Herzegovina, with the overall objective of enhancing the protection space for asylum seekers in Bosnia, thus aligning it in with the EU Common European Asylum System. Bosnia and Herzegovina has signed the 2019 Joint Action Plan on Counter-Terrorism for the Western Balkans.

The fourth report under the Visa Suspension Mechanism adopted in August 2021 confirmed that Bosnia and Herzegovina has taken actions identified in the Third Report and the visa liberalisation benchmarks continue to be fulfilled.

Recent and upcoming events:

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| 18 - 19 February 2021 | Commissioner Johansson's mission to Bosnia and Herzegovina | Meeting with state level and local authorities and visit to Lipa reception centre |
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| 22/23 September 2021 | High Level Visit on Migration in Brussels, with the the BiH Minister of Security, M. Mektic | BiH delegation will meet with Commissioners and DGs |
| 9-10 December 2021 | EU – Bosnia and Herzegovina Sub-Committee meeting on Justice, Freedom and Security | |

NORTH MACEDONIA

North Macedonia formally agreed an association with the EU through the Stabilisation and Association Agreement, which entered into force in 2004. It applied for EU membership in 2004 and the Council decided in December 2005 to grant the country candidate status. In March 2020, the General Affairs Council decided to open accession negotiations under the revised methodology. In July 2020 the draft negotiating framework was presented to the Member States.

North Macedonia has agreements or arrangements signed with the European Border and Coast Guard Agency (Frontex) (2009), Europol (2011), CEPOL (2017) and has signed the 2019 Joint Action Plan on Counter-Terrorism for the Western Balkans. The Status Agreement with the EU allowing the European Border and Coast Guard Agency to deploy teams of the EBCG standing corps in the country, was initialled in July 2018. Its signature is pending. North Macedonia has a Joint Roadmap to support the further development of a national asylum and reception system in line with EU standards in place.

The fourth report under the Visa Suspension Mechanism adopted in August 2021 confirmed that North Macedonia has taken actions identified in the Third Report and the visa liberalisation benchmarks continue to be fulfilled.

Recent and upcoming events:

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| 17-18 November 2021 | EU-North Macedonia Sub-Committee meeting on Justice, Freedom and Security | |
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MONTENEGRO

Montenegro formally agreed an association with the EU by signing a Stabilisation and Association Agreement in 2007 and was awarded candidate status in 2010. The accession negotiations started in 2012 and to date 33 negotiating chapters have been opened (including Chapter 24 on Justice, freedom and security) of which three have been provisionally closed. Sub-Committees on Justice, Freedom and Security take place, in principle, annually.

Montenegro has agreements or arrangements signed with the European Border and Coast Guard Agency (Frontex)(2019) with teams deployed at EU borders, Europol (2014), and CEPOL (2011), and has signed the 2019 Joint Action Plan on Counter-Terrorism for the Western Balkans.

The fourth report under the Visa Suspension Mechanism adopted in August 2021 confirmed that Montenegro has taken actions identified in the Third Report and the visa liberalisation benchmarks continue to be fulfilled.

Recent and upcoming events:

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| 17 and 18 March 2021 | 10th EU-Montenegro Sub-Committee on Justice, Freedom and Security | |
| 22 June 2021 | 1 st Intergovernmental Conference | Montenegro accepted the revised enlargement methodology. |
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SERBIA

In March 2012 Serbia was granted EU candidate status. In September 2013 a Stabilisation and Association Agreement between the EU and Serbia entered into force. 18 out of 35 negotiating chapters have been opened, including, “Judiciary and fundamental rights” (so-called chapter 23) and “Justice, freedom and security” (so-called chapter 24) since the start of accession negotiations with Serbia in January 2014. The first inter-governmental conference with Serbia under this revised methodology agreed by the Council in May 2021, was held on 22 June 2021. Member States decided that no new clusters should be opened.

Serbia has Working Arrangements in place with Frontex (2009), Europol (2020), CEPOL (2017) and EMCDDA (2020). A Status Agreement with the EU, allowing the European Border and Coast Guard Agency (Frontex) to deploy teams of the EBCG standing corps in the country, was ratified in February 2021 and implemented in June 2021. Serbia has a Joint Roadmap with EASO in place to support the further development of a national asylum and reception system in line with EU standards.

The fourth report under the Visa Suspension Mechanism adopted in August 2021 confirmed that Serbia has taken actions identified in the Third Report and the visa liberalisation benchmarks continue to be fulfilled.

Recent and upcoming events:

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| 17 – 18 June 2021 | Commissioner Johansson’s mission to Serbia | Meetings with President Vucic (accompanied by Minister of European Integration Joksimović) and Minister of Interior Vulin. |
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| Autumn 2021 / early 2022 (TBC) | EU-Serbia Subcommittee for Justice, Liberty and Security | |
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KOSOVO

Kosovo formally agreed an association with the EU by signing a Stabilisation and Association Agreement which entered into force in 2015. Kosovo is a potential candidate. Kosovo is the only Western Balkan partner which does not enjoy a visa-free regime with the EU. In 2018, the Commission confirmed that Kosovo had fulfilled all outstanding visa liberalisation benchmarks. A Decision on the Commission's proposal is pending in the EP and the Council.

Kosovo has Working Arrangements with EBCG (Frontex) since 2016, Europol (2014), CEPOL (2017) and EMCDDA (2020). EASO has been including Kosovo in regional activities and following a priority assessment by EASO in July 2021, a Joint Roadmap is being drafted and expected to be discussed in autumn.

Recent and upcoming events:

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|-------------------------|--|--|
| 9 – 10 June 2021 | 5 th EU - Kosovo Sub-Committee Meeting on Justice, Freedom and Security | |
| 22 - 23 June 2022 (TBC) | 6 th EU - Kosovo Sub-Committee Meeting on Justice, Freedom and Security | |

(D) TURKEY

Turkey

In 2008 the Council adopted a revised Accession Partnership with Turkey. On 16 December 2013 the EU and Turkey signed a readmission agreement and launched a visa liberalisation dialogue. The Commission adopted the first report on the implementation of the Visa liberalisation roadmap on 20 October 2014. Turkey continued to develop its administrative capacity to implement the EU-Turkey readmission agreement, which entered into force for Turkish nationals in October 2014. Implementation of the agreement for Turkish nationals remained nevertheless unsatisfactory as the provisions of the agreement were not observed in a systematic and coherent manner by all Turkish diplomatic missions in the EU. Regarding the readmission of third country nationals, the relevant provisions entered into force on 1 June 2016. Nevertheless, so far the Turkish Council of Ministers has not taken the decisions authorising the application of these provisions.

The meeting of Heads of State or Government with Turkey on 29 November 2015 activated the EU-Turkey Joint Action Plan on Migration in order to step up cooperation for the support of Syrian refugees under temporary protection and their host communities in Turkey and to strengthen cooperation to prevent irregular migration flows to the EU. A comprehensive cooperation based on shared responsibility, mutual commitments and delivery between the European Union and Turkey was agreed

within the framework of the 18 March 2016 EU-Turkey Statement.

In response to the call from EU Member States for significant additional funding to support refugees in Turkey, the Commission established on 24 November 2015 the Facility for Refugees in Turkey. The Facility is a mechanism that coordinates the mobilisation of resources made available under both the EU budget, and additional contributions from Member States integrated into the EU budget as external assigned revenue. Contributions amount to a total of EUR 6 billion, with EUR 3 billion committed for the years 2016-2017 and a further EUR 3 billion committed for 2018-2019. Both tranches combined, all operational funds have been committed and contracted, with close to EUR 4.3 billion disbursed. In 2020 an additional EUR 535 million were committed to ensure the continuation of two flagship Facility interventions (basic needs and access to education). This comes on top of the Facility's EUR 6 billion. In June 2021, the European Council confirmed its commitment to continue supporting refugees and host communities in Turkey. The Commission is now preparing a EUR 3 billion package to be financed by the EU budget. The continued implementation of the 18 March 2016 EU-Turkey Statement, which reduces irregular and dangerous crossings and saves lives in the Aegean Sea, plays a key role in ensuring that the migration challenge is addressed effectively and jointly by the EU and Turkey, is in the interest of both sides and remains crucial with a view to saving lives and preventing irregular migration to the EU.

Recent and upcoming events

| | | |
|-----------------|--|---|
| 15 March 2019 | 54 th Meeting of the EU-Turkey Association Council | |
| 15 April 2019 | Commission's third annual report on the Facility for Refugees in Turkey | |
| 17 May 2019 | 12 th FRiT Steering Committee Meeting | |
| 3 October 2019 | Joint Visit of Commissioner Avramopoulos and DE Mol to Turkey | |
| 5 December 2019 | Joint Visit of VP Schinas and Commissioner Johansson to Turkey | |
| 9 December 2019 | 13 ^d FRiT Steering Committee Meeting | |
| 9 March 2020 | EU-Turkey Leaders' Meeting (Brussels) | President Von Der Leyen and President Michel met President Erdogan |
| 30 April 2020 | Commission's fourth annual report on the Facility for Refugees in Turkey | |
| 6-7 July 2020 | HRVP Borrell meeting with Turkish FM Cavusoglu | |
| 5 November 2020 | 14 th FRiT Steering Committee Meeting | |
| 21 January 2021 | Turkish Foreign Minister Cavusoglu's visit | Met with President von der Leyen, HR/VP Borrell, VP Schinas, Commissioner Johansson |
| 6 April 2021 | Joint Visit of President Von Der Leyen and President Michel to President Erdogan in Ankara | |
| 7 May 2021 | Visit of Commissioner Johansson in Ankara | Commissioner Johansson held meetings with Vice-President Fuat Oktay, Minister of Interior Suleyman Soyulu, and Foreign Minister Mevlut Cavusoglu. |
| 25 June 2021 | European Council | EU leaders confirming commitment to continue supporting refugees and host communities in Turkey. |
| 22 August 2021 | PEC phone call with President Erdogan | Focused on Afghanistan |

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| 6-7 September 2021 | Visit of Commissioner Varhelyi to Turkey | Meetings with FM Cavusoglu, Mol Soylu , Presid. Advisor Kalin |
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(E) ASIAN COUNTRIES

China

The EU-China comprehensive strategic partnership came into force in 2003. China signed an Approved Destination Status Agreement in 2004, facilitating the entry of Chinese tourists into EU Member States and including provisions on readmission. Formal negotiation of an EU readmission agreement, based on 2002 negotiating directives, has not started yet. Negotiation of a PCA, including an article on readmission and visa cooperation, started in 2007.

At the 14th EU-China Summit in February 2012 both sides agreed to explore the possibilities of facilitating mobility for Chinese and EU citizens, and strengthen cooperation on illegal immigration, as well as to pay special attention to the question of mutual visa exemption for holders of diplomatic passports. At the 16th EU-China Summit (20-21 November 2013), shared commitments were taken to reinforce the objectives in the 2020 Agenda. Following that, a Roadmap, which consists of a two-stage approach, was finalised during the 2nd meeting of the EU-China Migration and Mobility Dialogue (Beijing, 9 April 2015). The first stage of the Roadmap, which comprises the signature of the EU-China short stay visa waiver for holders of diplomatic passports, the permission for EU Member States to open Visa Application Centres in 15 Chinese cities and the first Expert meeting held in Beijing on 5 November 2015, is considered finalised. The implementation of the 2nd phase of the roadmap is currently on-going. It involves parallel negotiations on: A visa facilitation agreement (VFA) covering holders of other types of passports (including ordinary passports). This also includes discussions on China allowing EU Member States to open further Visa Application Centres (VACs) in additional Chinese cities; and an agreement on cooperation in combating illegal migration (CIMA – including provisions on readmission in line with the EU mandate).

Recent and upcoming events

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|---------------------|--|--|
| 9 April 2019 | EU-China Summit | China committed “to actively engage in the EU-China Mobility and Migration Dialogue (MDD) and to swiftly conclude the parallel negotiations on the agreements on visa facilitation and on cooperation in combating illegal migration.” The EU has invited China to indicate dates for the 5 th meeting of the MDD, but there has been no concrete reply by the CN side yet. |
| 28 May 2019 | Third round of negotiations on EU-China Agreement on Cooperation in Combating Illegal Migration (CIMA) in Brussels | For the first time, China accepted to discuss concrete procedures on readmission and did not question the structure of the draft submitted in October 2018 after the second round of negotiations. |
| 3 July 2019 | Comments from China on draft Visa Facilitation Agreement | |
| 26-27 November 2020 | Technical meeting on immigration systems (webinar): policies and regulations | |

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| 10-11 December 2020 | Seminar on cross-country cooperation to fight transnational organized crime: experiences of investigation, prosecution and conviction of trafficking in human beings' cases | |
| 11 May 2021 | Trainings for EU-Embassies in China on victim of trafficking identification | |
| <p>India</p> <p><i>The EU-India Co-operation Agreement entered into force in 1994. In 2004 the EU and India established a Strategic Partnership. The EU-India Joint Action Plan was agreed in 2005 at the Summit in The Hague and revised in 2008 at the eighth EU-India Summit in Marseille. This plan aims to promote among others people-to-people contacts and cultural exchanges. After the first EU-India migration dialogue meeting held in 2006, the December 2010 EU-India Summit emphasised the importance of movement of people, and agreed to deepen cooperation by establishing a regular, comprehensive and structured dialogue on migration issues.</i></p> <p><i>The 2012 EU-India Summit discussed possible ways to facilitate mobility – a recurring Indian request – in parallel with preventing and combating irregular migration. A Common Agenda on Migration and Mobility (CAMM) was signed and subsequently endorsed at the 2016 EU-India Summit. CAMM implementation is referred to in the EU-India Agenda for Action-2020, also endorsed at 2016 Summit as well as in the EU-India Roadmap 2025, endorsed at the 2020 EU-India Summit. The EU-India Leaders' Meeting in Porto on 8 May 2021 confirmed the commitment for close and comprehensive cooperation from both sides on all pillars of the CAMM and the continued engagement under the High-Level Dialogue on Migration and Mobility.</i></p> | | |
| Recent and upcoming events | | |
| 9-11 July 2019 | EU-India High Level Dialogue on Migration and Mobility (HLDMM), India, New Delhi and side meetings with Ministry of Interior, Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) and the National Cyber Coordination Centre (NCCC). | Discussions on possible parallel negotiations on a visa waiver agreement for diplomatic passport holders and a readmission agreement between India and the EU. |
| 9-11 July 2019 | 2 nd Project Advisory Committee of the CAMM/HLDMM support project & Migration governance seminar | |
| 18 June 2020 | Webinar on EU-India Remittances and the Impact of Covid-19 | |
| 2 July 2020 | 3 rd Project Advisory Committee of the CAMM/HLDMM support projects | |
| 15 July 2020 | EU-India Summit | Adoption of Joint Statement and 2025 Roadmap |
| 26 February 2021 | Webinar on Indian Diaspora in Ireland | |
| 8 May 2021 | EU-India Leaders Meeting | Adoption of Connectivity Partnership (including a section on people-to-people connectivity focused on students and |

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| | | researchers) |
| 10 June 2021 | Virtual seminar on Irregular Migration | |
| 24 June 2021 | 4th Project Advisory Committee of the CAMM/HLDMM support project | |

Bangladesh

The EU-Bangladesh Standard Operating Procedures for the Identification and Return of Persons without an Authorisation to Stay (SOPs) was signed on 20 September 2017. However, most recently some EU MS have expressed dissatisfaction with the lack of cooperation on the Bangladeshi side. To support capacity to implement the SOPs, DG HOME started in July 2018 a project under the Readmission Capacity Building Facility (RCBF, EUR 4.8 million) aiming at developing a Returnee Case Management System (RCMS) in Bangladesh and deploying an AFIS (Automated Fingerprint Identification System) to enable search by fingerprints in the copy of the Machine Readable Passport database owned by the Special Branch Police. The pilot phase was launched on 9 November 2020. Four Joint Working Groups on the implementation of the SOPs with Bangladesh have taken place to date. DG INTPA also contributing to the sustainable reintegration of returnees through the PROTTASHA project, which aims to facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed policies.

Bangladesh has been providing assistance with the support of the EU, international community and humanitarian and development organisations to the Rohingya refugees, who fled violence in Myanmar in 2017.

Bangladesh is one of the countries for which restrictive measures were proposed by the Commission following the first report under Art. 25a of the Visa Code.

Recent and upcoming events

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| 4-5 April 2019 | 3rd EU – Bangladesh Joint Working Group on the Standard Operation Procedures for return | |
| 17 October 2019 | EU-Bangladesh Sub-group on Human Rights and Good Governance (including a point on Rohingya), Dhaka | |
| 20 October 2019 | EU-Bangladesh Sub-group on Development (including points on migration and forced displacement) | |
| 21 October 2019 | EU-Bangladesh Joint Commission (including points on migration and Rohingya situation), Dhaka | |
| 16 January 2020 | 4th EU – Bangladesh Joint Working Group for the implementation of the SOPs, Dhaka | |
| 21 June 2021 | 5th EU – Bangladesh Joint Working Group for the implementation of the SOPs | |
| 26 October 2021 | EU-Bangladesh Diplomatic Consultations (VTC) | |

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| Q1 2022 | 10th EU-Bangladesh Joint Commission (and subgroups on Trade, Development and Human Rights and Good Governance) | |
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| Pakistan | | |
| <p><i>Pakistan is a major country of origin, transit and destination of refugees and migrants. Under the Strategic Engagement Plan of 2019, Pakistan and the EU are working towards launching of a comprehensive EU-Pakistan Migration Dialogue. At the moment, the main regular platform for cooperation in the migration area are the meetings of the Joint Readmission Committee for the implementation of the EU-Pakistan Readmission Agreement, as well as interactions at regional level through the Budapest Process. The full and effective implementation of the Readmission Agreement remains a priority. Ensuring protection space in Pakistan and support for Afghan refugees and host communities in the country, addressing the root causes of irregular migration and forced displacement, reducing further arrivals of irregular migrants, strengthening migration governance, border management, countering migrant smuggling and opportunities for legal migration (a major interest of Pakistan) are areas to continue to be addressed. At the same time, migration-related cooperation with Pakistan cannot be isolated from the regional dimension of Afghan displacement and cooperation with Afghanistan and Iran. So far, after the Taliban took over power in Afghanistan, there has not been an increased flow of refugees observed yet. However, with the worsening of the already dire humanitarian situation in Afghanistan, the EU is preparing for all scenarios.</i></p> | | |
| Recent and upcoming events | | |
| 20 March 2019 | EU-Pakistan Political dialogue, Brussels | |
| 26 March 2019 | EU-Pakistan Strategic Dialogue, Islamabad | |
| 15 November 2019 | EU-Pakistan Joint Commission | Including a point on migration and mobility |
| 28 January 2020 | 11th Joint Readmission Committee and high level mission (DG HOME DDG meeting various migration related counter-parts) | |
| 8 October 2020 | EU-Pakistan Political Dialogue | Including point on migration (return and readmission) and implementation of Readmission Case Management System |
| 24 February 2021 | 12th Joint Readmission Committee, VTC | |
| 16 June 2021 | EU-Pakistan Joint Commission | Included a point on migration and mobility. |

Afghanistan

Since 2016, the EU has been engaged with Afghanistan in a constructive dialogue on migration and forced displacement, with the aim to build a long-term partnership in this area in a spirit of solidarity. This balanced and comprehensive cooperation on migration was reflected in the Joint Way Forward (JWF) and its successor arrangement entitled 'Joint Declaration on Migration Cooperation (JDMC- signed on 26 April 2021) which builds on the JWF and consolidates the already very good EU-Afghan cooperation on migration governance by adapting to the migratory situation in 2021. These documents have been instrumental in allowing Afghans residing irregularly in the EU to return in a safe, dignified and orderly way, and in reintegrating them in Afghanistan. While any decision on returns is the competence of EU Member States within the limits imposed by EU law, carrying out returns would be effectively impossible, in the current circumstances.

From the beginning of the crisis in mid-August 2021, the Commission put in place a set of priority actions which were reflected in a statement that Commissioner Johansson issued on 18 August 2021:

1. Safe evacuation of EU nationals from Afghanistan, as well as of those Afghans and their families who have worked for the EU and for its Member States;
2. Ensure safe and legal pathways for Afghans in need of immediate protection, with a strong gender dimension. Building on the Resettlement Forum of July 2021, Commissioner Johansson repeatedly called on EU Member States to step up their engagement on resettlement, increase their quotas and consider other complementary pathways to ensure the highest possible number of legal admissions of Afghan refugees, notably women and children. A further resettlement forum to reflect the changed circumstances for Afghans will be organised;
3. Continue supporting the neighbouring to Afghanistan countries and countries of transit in their efforts to provide protection, safe and dignified reception conditions for displaced Afghans and to support the host communities. Continuation of ongoing EU programmes and strengthening cooperation, including on capacity building for host communities in Pakistan, Iran and Tajikistan, as well as other countries in the region, to prevent the unsafe and irregular movements of people, to strengthen border management with the support of Frontex and support protection systems, further reinforce existing programmes on law enforcement cooperation to counter migrant smuggling and trafficking networks, with the support of Europol. . Currently, the Commission is exploring several ways of re-orienting and enhancing EU support under the 2021-2027 multiannual financial framework through NDICI-Global Europe and other instruments;
4. Enhanced political outreach and dialogue and further strengthening the international community's response on Afghan displacement also through the Core Group of the Solution Strategy for Afghan refugees (SSAR) and its Support Platform. The EU will use its lead role as chair of this Group in this respect.

Recent and upcoming events:

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| 8 May 2019 | 6 th Meeting of the EU – Afghanistan Joint Working Group under the JWF on migration | |
| 14 May 2019 | 2 nd EU – Afghanistan Joint Committee, Kabul | |
| 9 May 2019 | 2 nd meeting of the Special Working Group on Human Rights, Good Governance and Migration, Kabul | |
| 6 December 2019 | 7 th Meeting of the EU – Afghanistan | |

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| | Joint Working Group under the JWF on migration, Brussels | |
| 17 – 18 February 2020 | International Conference on 40 years of hosting Afghan refugees in Pakistan , Islamabad | |
| 11 November 2020 | 8th meeting of the EU - Afghanistan Joint Working Group under the Joint Way Forward (JWF) on migration issues | |
| 23 -24 November 2020 | Ministerial Pledging Conference on Afghanistan | |
| 24 February 2021 | Special Working Group meeting on Human Rights, Good Governance and Migration | |

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| Iran | | |
| <i>In February 2019, the Council adopted the text of the Framework for a Comprehensive Dialogue Between the Islamic Republic of Iran and the European Union on Migration and Refugee Issues, i.e. the terms for reference for a migration dialogue. The document was not yet been signed or otherwise endorsed.</i> | | |
| Recent and upcoming events | | |
| 8 December 2020 | High-Level Dialogue with Iran – endorsement of Dialogue on Migration and Refugees Issues, agreement to start discussions at technical level while awaiting political launch. | |

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| Iraq | | |
| <i>Four meetings under the informal Migration Dialogue took place in 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2021 respectively, discussions comprised irregular migration and return, migration governance and migration and development.</i> | | |
| <i>A readmission clause is included as a legally binding obligation in the Partnership and Cooperation Agreement (art. 105) in force since 1 August 2018. However, cooperation on non-voluntary returns remains unsatisfactory.</i> | | |
| <i>Iraq is one of the countries for which restrictive measures were proposed by the Commission following the first report under Art. 25a of the Visa Code. Discussion is ongoing with Iraq including with the National Committee on Migration set-up by Iraq.</i> | | |
| <i>Discussions have also taken place with Iraq concerning the ongoing instrumentalisation of migrants on the Belarus – EU borders.</i> | | |

| Recent and upcoming events | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| 27 March 2019 | 3 rd meeting of Informal Migration Dialogue | |
| 8 September 2020 | Sub-committee meeting on Human Rights and Democracy under the PCA. | |
| 17 September 2020 | Visit of Iraqi Foreign Minister in Brussels/meeting HRVP | Intention to hold the next iteration of the informal Migration Dialogue was confirmed |
| 15 February 2021 | 4th meeting of the informal Migration Dialogue | |
| 17 June 2021 | Meeting of the EU Delegation with Iraqi Prime Minister to deliver a letter addressed to three migration-related ministers and co-signed by HRVP and the EU Commissioner for Migration and Home Affairs focusing on Iraqi lack of cooperation on non-voluntary returns. | |
| 21 June 2021 | Iraqi Foreign Minister took part in FAC | |
| 30 June 2021 | Iraqi Prime Minister met PCOM in Brussels | |
| 30 July 2021 | Meeting with the newly established Iraqi National Committee on Migration, headed by Deputy Foreign Minister Khairallah. | Iraq agreed to revert in writing with an outline of their proposals on return and readmission on which basis further exchanges could take place. |
| 6-7 September 2021 | Visit to Iraq by HR/VP Borrell | On readmission and returns, Iraq verbally reconfirmed willingness to extend non-voluntary return to some other categories. Measures taken to restrict arrivals of irregular migrants into Belarus, such as flights suspension in place until midSeptember. |

(F) EASTERN PARTNERSHIP COUNTRIES

Armenia

EU relations with Armenia are currently governed by the Comprehensive and Enhanced Partnership Agreement (CEPA) signed in November 2017, which entered into force on 1 March 2021 (substantial parts of it had been provisionally applied already since 1 June 2018).

A Mobility Partnership was signed on 27 October 2011. The first EU-Armenia Mobility Partnership High Level Meeting took place in January 2018.

The Visa Facilitation Agreement was signed on 17 December 2012 and the Readmission Agreement on 19 April 2013. Both agreements entered into force on 1 January 2014.

The declaration of the Eastern Partnership 2017 Brussels Summit includes a reference to consider in due course, if conditions allow, the opening of a Visa Liberalisation Dialogue with Armenia, provided that conditions for well-managed and secure mobility are in place, including the effective implementation of Visa Facilitation and Readmission Agreements.

On 5 March 2019 President Juncker reiterated to Prime Minister Nikol Pashinyan that the technical conditions to start such a dialogue are considered to be fulfilled and indicated that the Commission is ready to provide support. He recalled that this requires prior political support of the Council and that Armenia needed to engage further with Member States. The Commission presented a Document 'EU-Armenia next steps on visa-related issues' with its view and data backing it, in the relevant Council Working Groups in September 2019, where it reiterated that the technical conditions are considered to be fulfilled. Some Member States indicated as a prerequisite that further reforms are addressed; subsequently Armenia engaged in a series of visits to Member States.

In July 2020, Armenia sent a 'Preparedness report to start a Visa Liberalisation Dialogue with the EU', with a view to addressing existing gaps. Given the complexity of the issue, internal EU analysis on the Preparedness report is still ongoing.

Recent and upcoming events

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| 2 April 2019 | Joint Readmission Committee, Yerevan | |
| 9 April 2019 | EU-Armenia JLS Subcommittee, Brussels | |
| 13 June 2019 | EU-Armenia Partnership Council | |
| 13 September 2019 | EU-Armenia Joint Visa Facilitation Committee, Yerevan | |
| 16 December 2019 | EU-Armenia Partnership Committee, Brussels | |
| August 2020 | EU-Armenia Joint Readmission Committee – written exchange | |
| 17 December 2020 | EU-Armenia Partnership Council | |
| 28 April 2021 | EU-Armenia Joint Visa Facilitation Committee | |
| 27 May 2021 | EU-Armenia Justice, Freedom and Security Subcommittee | |
| 29 June 2021 | EU-Armenia Joint Readmission Committee | |

Azerbaijan

EU relations with Azerbaijan are governed by the EU-Azerbaijan Partnership and Cooperation Agreement (PCA), which entered into force in 1999. Negotiations are currently taking place to agree on a framework agreement to replace the PCA (started in February 2017).

The declaration of the Eastern Partnership 2017 Brussels Summit includes a reference to consider in due course, if conditions allow, the opening of a Visa Liberalisation Dialogue with Azerbaijan, provided that conditions for well-managed and secure mobility are in place, including the effective implementation of Visa Facilitation and Readmission Agreements.

These agreements entered into force on 1 September 2014. A Mobility Partnership with Azerbaijan was signed on 5 December 2013 and the first High-Level Meeting was organised in February 2017.

Recent and upcoming events

| | | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| 5 February 2019 | EU-Azerbaijan JLS Subcommittee, Baku | |
| 27-28 February 2019 | EU-Azerbaijan Cooperation Committee | |
| 4 April 2019 | EU-Azerbaijan Cooperation Council, Brussels | |
| 10 September 2019 | EU-Azerbaijan Joint Readmission Committee, Baku | |
| 6 November 2019 | EU-Azerbaijan Joint Visa Facilitation Committee | |
| 5 March 2020 | EU-Azerbaijan JLS Subcommittee, Brussels | |
| Autumn 2020 | EU-Azerbaijan Joint Readmission Committee (written exchange) | |
| 19 November 2020 | EU-Azerbaijan Cooperation Committee | |
| 18 December 2020 | EU-Azerbaijan Cooperation Council | |
| 27 April 2021 | EU-Azerbaijan Justice, Freedom and Security Subcommittee | |
| Q4 2021 (tbc) | EU-Azerbaijan Joint Visa Facilitation Committee | |

Belarus

Belarus is the only country in the Eastern Partnership region that does not have a framework document with the EU. The EU-Belarus Partnership and Cooperation Agreement was signed in 1995, but ratification was frozen in 1997. Negotiations on the EU-Belarus Partnership Priorities (a political document of non-binding nature) started in 2016, however were put on hold in 2020.

On 13 October 2016, Belarus and the EU signed a Joint Declaration on a Mobility Partnership. The kick off meeting took place on 10 November 2017.

On 1 July 2020, the EU-Belarus Visa Facilitation and Readmission Agreements entered into force. On 28 June 2021, Belarus announced its intention to launch the procedure to suspend the Readmission Agreement with the EU. The EU has taken note of this decision of the Belarusian authorities. While awaiting an official notification from the Belarusian side, the EU has already started its internal reflection on next steps.

The EU strongly condemned recent events at the EU's external border with Belarus and attempts to instrumentalise people for political purposes, as confirmed by the EU Ministers of Home Affairs on 18 August 2021. Since the outbreak of the crisis, the Commission has been in constant contact with the Lithuanian, Latvian and Polish authorities to alleviate the pressure at their borders with Belarus and to support them with the management of the situation. The EU agencies are fully mobilised: the European Asylum Support Office, the European Border and Coast Guard Agency (Frontex) and Europol are present on the ground. On 11 August 2021, the Commission decided to make available €36.7 million to Lithuania in emergency assistance under the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund to help improve the reception capacity in the country. Funding will also reinforce the response teams for detecting potential victims of human trafficking and for assisting persons in need of international protection. The Commission and the EEAS have actively reached out to relevant third countries of origin and transit raising the issue, which has, inter alia, led to the suspension of flights from Iraq to Belarus. The EU will continue to monitor the situation.

Recent and upcoming events

| | | |
|------------------|---|--|
| 26 March 2019 | 6 th and final round of negotiations on the visa facilitation and readmission agreements, Brussels | Final texts were agreed between the chief negotiators on 29 March. |
| 24-25 April 2019 | 7 th meeting of the EU-Belarus Coordination Group, Minsk | |

Georgia

The EU – Georgia Association Agreement, including a Deep and Comprehensive Trade Agreement, (succeeding the PCA of 1999), was signed on 26 June 2014 in Brussels and entered into force on 1 July 2016.

The Mobility Partnership between the European Union and Georgia was signed in November 2009. The Readmission and Visa Facilitation Agreements with Georgia entered into force on 1st March 2011. Georgian citizens were granted visa-free travel to the Schengen area on 28 March 2017.

The fourth report under the Visa Suspension Mechanism adopted in August 2021 confirmed that Georgia has taken actions identified in the Third Report and the visa liberalisation benchmarks continue to be fulfilled.

Recent and upcoming events

| | | |
|--------------|--|--|
| 5 March 2019 | EU-Georgia Association Council, Brussels | Bilateral meeting between Commissioner Avramopoulos and Prime Minister of Georgia in the margins of the Association Council to discuss stepping up cooperation, followed by a visit of DG to Georgia (23-24 April 2019). |
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| 22 May 2019 | JLS Subcommittee with Georgia, Tbilisi | Discussion to identify concrete operational measures to decrease irregular migration and crime-related challenges linked to the travel of Georgian citizens to the EU. |
| 18 June 2019 | EU-Georgia Association Committee, Tbilisi | |
| 17 September 2019 | EU-Georgia Joint Readmission Committee, Tbilisi | |
| 1 July 2020 | EU-Georgia Justice, Freedom and Security Subcommittee | |
| 15 December 2020 | EU-Georgia Association Committee | |
| 16 March 2021 | EU-Georgia Association Council | |
| 15 October 2021 (TBC) | EU-Georgia Justice, Freedom and Security Subcommittee | |

Republic of Moldova

The EU-Republic of Moldova) Association Agreement, including a Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Area, (succeeding the PCA of 1994), was signed on 27 June 2014 and entered into force on 1 July 2016.

The EU-Moldova Visa Facilitation Agreement and Readmission Agreement entered into force in January 2008. An amended Visa Facilitation Agreement entered into force in July 2013. A Mobility Partnership was signed in June 2008.

Moldovan citizens were granted visa-free travel to the Schengen area on 28 April 2014.

The fourth report under the Visa Suspension Mechanism adopted in August 2021 confirmed that Moldova has taken actions identified in the Third Report and the visa liberalisation benchmarks continue to be fulfilled.

Recent and upcoming events

| | | |
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| 30 September 2019 | Association Council | |
| 15 October 2019 | EU-Moldova Joint Readmission Committee, Brussels | |
| 14 November 2019 | JLS Subcommittee | |
| 24 September 2020 | JLS Subcommittee | |
| 18 November 2020 | EU-Moldova Joint Readmission Committee | |
| 12/13 October 2021 (TBC) | Justice, Freedom and Security Subcommittee | |

Ukraine

The PCA entered into force in 1998. Negotiations on an EU-Ukraine Association Agreement started in September 2008 and initialled in 2012. Ukraine and the EU parliament simultaneously ratified the economic and political parts of the Association Agreement on 16 September 2014.

The Readmission and Visa Facilitation agreements were concluded in 2008. An amended version of the Visa Facilitation agreement with Ukraine entered into force in July 2013. As of the 11 June 2017, Ukrainian citizens, can travel visa-free to the Schengen area.

The fourth report under the Visa Suspension Mechanism adopted in August 2021 confirmed that Ukraine has taken actions identified in the Third Report and the visa liberalisation benchmarks continue to be fulfilled.

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| 22 March 2019 | JHA Subcommittee, Kiev | |
| 8 July 2019 | EU-Ukraine Summit, Kiev | |
| 6 September 2019 | 12 th EU-Ukraine Joint Readmission Committee Meeting, Kiev | |
| 5 November 2019 | EU-Ukraine Association Committee | |
| December 2019 (tbc) | EU-Ukraine Association Council | |
| 1 July 2020 | Justice, Freedom and Security Subcommittee | |
| 1 October 2020 | EU-Ukraine Summit | |
| 10 November 2020 | EU-Ukraine Association Committee | |
| 8 December 2020 | EU-Ukraine Association Council- | This was replaced by a call on 8 December and the EU-Ukraine Association Council will take place on 11 February 2021 |
| 11 February 2021 | EU- Ukraine Association Council | |
| 19 May 2021 | EU-Ukraine Justice, Freedom and Security Subcommittee | |
| 12 October 2021 | EU-Ukraine Summit | |

(G) RUSSIA

Russia

The EU-Russia Partnership and Cooperation Agreement (PCA) came into force in 1997. Ministerial meetings for Freedom, Security and Justice area (PPC) were organised regularly until the Ukraine crisis. The Visa Facilitation and Readmission Agreements entered into force on 1 June 2007. On 11 April 2011 the Council adopted a mandate for the renegotiation of the Visa Facilitation Agreement.

However, further cooperation with Russia in the Home Affairs area was affected by the illegal annexation of Crimea and Russian destabilisation of eastern Ukraine, which led to the introduction of

sanctions against Russia. Meetings at ministerial and senior officials levels were suspended and all negotiations on new home affairs agreements, namely on visa liberalisation, upgraded Visa Facilitation Agreement (VFA), Europol and Eurojust (agreements on operational cooperation), have been suspended.

Collaboration with Russia continues mainly at expert level, such as the Visa Facilitation Agreement (VFA) and Readmission Agreement (RA) Joint Committees or Drugs expert meetings or migration dialogues, when deemed feasible and of interest to the EU.

Recent and upcoming events

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| 21 October 2019 | EU-Russia Counter-Terrorism Talks (high-level), Moscow | |
| 22 November 2019 | EU-Russia Joint Readmission Committee, Brussels | |
| 4 December 2019 | EU-Russia expert dialogue on Drugs, Brussels | |
| 24 November 2020 | EU-Russia Drugs Dialogue, Brussels | |
| 2021 (tbc) | EU-Russia Joint Visa Facilitation Committee, Brussels | |
| 2021 (tbc) | EU-Russia Joint Readmission Committee, Moscow | |

(H) UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

*Relations between the EU and the US were formalised in 1990 in the Transatlantic Declaration, and further developed in the New Transatlantic Agenda which outlined a new framework for cooperation including a number of areas for joint action. An EU-US Joint Statement endorsed by the EU-US JHA Ministerial Troika in October 2009 (the so-called "Washington Statement") sets out common values and foundations of EU-US cooperation in the JHA area until 2014 and includes a commitment to enhance both political and operational cooperation in various JHA issues. In 2015, the framework of the EU –US cooperation for 2014-2020 was further developed in the "**Renewed EU-U.S. Statement on Enhancing transatlantic cooperation in the area of Justice, Freedom and Security**".*

Further to this commitment cooperation has been developed on migration and asylum issues in the context of the EU-US Cooperation Platform on Migration and Refugee issues, launched in 2010. Activities included areas such as unaccompanied minors, biometrics, refugee resettlement, trafficking in human beings and development of capacity building for migration management in third countries and contribution of the Diaspora to the development of countries of origin of migration. The dialogue was not continued under the Trump administration. The new administration is interested in reengaging with the EU on migration related topics, including at the UN/IGC fora and exploratory discussions on such a renewed dialogue are currently ongoing. Issues related to border management and visas are discussed in the regular EU-US Justice and Home Affairs Senior Officials and Ministerial meetings.

Recent and upcoming events

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| 27-28 February 2019 | EU - US JHA Senior Officials Meeting, Bucharest, Romania | Topics covered counterterrorism, cybersecurity, border management (including visa reciprocity) and migration (combatting migrant smuggling and trafficking). |
| 19 June 2019 | EU-US JHA Ministerial, Bucharest, | Topics covered: counterterrorism, |

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| | Romania | information exchange, cybersecurity, borders, visas and migration (including updates by the EU on EBCGA and ETIAS)). |
| 26 September 2019 | EU - US JHA Senior Officials Meeting SOM, Brussels, Belgium | Topics discussed included visa reciprocity (US are in the process of assessing Member States' replies to their questionnaire, progress expected to be achieved quickly), counterterrorism, cybersecurity, aviation security, resilience of electoral systems, hybrid threats, cross-border access to e-evidence. |
| 10-11 December 2019 | EU-US JHA Ministerial, Washington D.C, USA | The agenda included mostly security related issues and visa reciprocity. It was decided to launch a transatlantic exchange of experiences on violent extremism |
| 28 May 2020 | VTC - EU-US JHA | A VTC focused on Covid-19 related developments in the EU and US (including travel restrictions). EU and US informed about each other's measures and confirmed the willingness to continue the information exchange. |
| 15 September 2020 | VTC - EU - US JHA Senior Officials Meeting | While the most salient points of the discussion covered PNR and data protection, US informed that Croatia was close to meet the US Visa Waiver Requirements. Both sides explained their different travel restrictions related to COVID-19. |
| 14-15 April 2021 | VTC - EU - US JHA Senior Officials Meeting | The agenda included mostly security related issues, but also covered migration. EU and US expressed interest to reengage on migration and in this context to explore possible issues of mutual interest. |
| 22 June 2021 | EU-US JHA Ministerial, Lisbon | Agenda included EU and US migratory situation and the Principals confirmed their agreement to pursue a transatlantic migration dialogue. Possible issues to discuss could include protection of those in need, community sponsorships, |

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| | | integration, legal pathways, partnerships with countries of transit and origin, readmission, and tackling smuggling of migrants. |
| 9 July 2021 | High Level Resettlement Forum | Event organised by Commissioner Johansson. The US and Canada were invited at ministerial level. |
| 20 September 2021, Slovenia | EU-US Justice and Home Affairs' Senior Officials' meeting | |

Part 2- The regional processes

(A) THE PRAGUE PROCESS

The Prague Process is a framework for dialogue and cooperation between the EU and its Member States, the non-EU Schengen States and 19 partner countries to the East (Russia, Eastern Partnership countries, Central Asian countries, Western Balkan countries, Turkey).

The work is based on the Joint Ministerial Declaration (Prague 2009) and the Action Plan 2012-2016, adopted at the second Ministerial Conference of the Prague Process (Poznan, 2011) and the subsequent Ministerial Declaration of 2016 (covering the period 2017-2021).

Recent and upcoming events

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| 5-7 March 2019 | Study visit to the Federal Office for Migration and Refugees of Germany, Nuremberg | |
| 10-11 June 2019 | Senior Officials Meeting, Bucharest | |
| 15 May 2020 | Webinar "The impact of the Corona-crisis on migration" | |
| 2 July 2020 | Webinar "Maximizing labour migration outcomes in the Prague Process corridors: Practices on how to benchmark countries of destination in June 2020" | |
| 24 September 2020 | Webinar "EU Framework for Legal Migration: Lessons learned and main challenges" | |
| 16 November 2020 | Senior Officials Meeting, VTC | Pass on Presidency from Lithuania to Czech Republic and Work Plan for 2021 were discussed |
| 28 January 2021 | Webinar: "Migration Outlook for 2021: From COVID-19 to the EU's Pact on Migration and Asylum" | |
| 04 March 2021 | Webinar: Frontex Role and Capacity on Return | |
| 15 April 2021 | Webinar: 'Which Perspectives for Labour Migration Partnerships in the Prague Process region? Lessons from EU funded Pilot Projects on Legal Migration' | |
| 6 May 2021 | Webinar "Social Capital and Transnational Human Smuggling: What is the impact of Counter-Smuggling Policies?" | |
| 11 May 2021 | Webinar/thematic consultations: Preventing and fighting illegal migration + Promoting | The first (out of 3 planned) of thematic consultations on the roadmap |

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| | readmission, voluntary return and sustainable reintegration | towards 4th Prague Process Ministerial Conference planned for the second half of 2022 |
| 25 May 2021 | Webinar/thematic consultations: Legal migration with a special emphasis on labour migration + Making migration and mobility positive forces for development | The 2 nd (out of 3 planned) of thematic consultations on the roadmap towards 4th Prague Process Ministerial Conference planned for the second half of 2022 |
| 10 June 2021 | Webinar/thematic consultations: Asylum/international protection + Integration of legally residing migrants in host societies | The 3 rd (out of 3 planned) of thematic consultations on the roadmap towards 4th Prague Process Ministerial Conference planned for the second half of 2022 |
| 24 June 2021 | Webinar: 'Reporting Migration: the role of media in shaping public opinion and policies on migration' | |
| October/November 2021 (tbc) | Annual Prague Process SOM | |

(B) THE EASTERN PARTNERSHIP PLATFORMS AND PANEL ON MIGRATION, MOBILITY AND INTEGRATED BORDER MANAGEMENT (IBM)

The Eastern Partnership is the framework for cooperation between the EU and Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine. The latest Joint Declaration was adopted at the Eastern Partnership Brussels Summit of November 2017. This Joint Declaration inter alia approved a streamlining of the Eastern Partnership architecture: the former Eastern Partnership Panel on Migration and Asylum and Eastern Partnership Panel on Integrated Border Management (IBM) have been brought together in the new Eastern Partnership Panel on Migration, Mobility and Integrated Border Management (IBM).

In March 2020 the Joint Communication on the EaP Policy beyond 2020 was adopted. Discussions are ongoing on the post-2020 Deliverables, in particular in the EaP Panels and Platforms, in view of the next EaP Summit in 2021.

Recent and upcoming events

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| 13-14 June 2019 | Eastern Partnership Panel on Migration, Mobility and Integrated Border Management (IBM), Minsk | Theme: Information exchange on IBM, different modalities of continued EU support, including border control, integrated system of green border surveillance |
| 12 November 2019 | Eastern Partnership Platform 4 „Mobility and People-to-people contacts” | State of play of current cooperation, and jointly brainstorm on the future agenda beyond 2020 |
| 17 December 2019 | Eastern Partnership Platform 1 „Strengthening institutions and good governance | The future of the Eastern Partnership |
| March 2020-cancelled, new date tbc | Eastern Partnership Panel on Migration, Mobility and Integrated Border Management (IBM) | Labour Migration |

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| 20 October 2020 | Eastern Partnership Panel on Rule of Law | Post 2020 Deliverables |
| 24 November 2020 | Eastern Partnership Platform 1 Strengthening institutions and Good Governance | Priorities beyond 2020 |
| 27 November 2020 | Eastern Partnership Platform 4 Mobility and people-to-people contacts | Priorities beyond 2020 |
| December 2021 (tbc) | Eastern Partnership Summit | |

(C) THE BUDAPEST PROCESS

The Budapest Process was initiated in 1991 as a consultative forum, currently containing more than 50 governments and 10 international organisations, aiming at developing comprehensive and sustainable systems for orderly migration. Within the Budapest Process, a Silk Routes Partnership for Migration was established at the Ministerial Conference held in Istanbul on 19 April 2013. The Istanbul Declaration sets out the main objectives and activities of the countries along this migratory route. This Dialogue is instrumental to reinforce cooperation at regional level with priority Silk Route countries, with which the EU engages on migration through various bilateral frameworks.

Recent and upcoming events

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| 19-20 February 2019 | SOM and Budapest Process Ministerial Conference, Istanbul Turkey | Adoption of the Ministerial Declaration "the Istanbul commitments and Action plan its Call to Action. 6 EUMS did not take part in the Declaration but expressed ongoing support to the process |
| 9-10 October 2019 | Joint Working Group Meeting with all three regional working groups (Silk Routes, Black Sea and Southeast Europe), North Macedonia | Working Group Meeting to discuss regional and thematic priorities to be included in the implementation plan of the „Call for Action” |
| 4-5 December 2019 | Annual Senior Officials Meeting, Turkey | Approval of the implementation plan of the „Call for Action” |
| 3-4 March 2020 | Expert meeting on return and reintegration | |
| 14 May 2020 | Virtual group discussion on labour migration in the Covid19 Pandemic | |
| 30 June 2020 | Virtual group discussion on irregular migration in the COVID-19 pandemic | |
| 30 September 2020 | Virtual group discussion on migration narratives | |
| 3-4 November 2020 | Virtual thematic Meeting on Labour Migration | |
| 12 November 2020 | Virtual Group Discussion with the South East European Region Working Group | |

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| 2-3 December 2020 | Senior Officials Meeting | |
| 24 March 2021 | Webinar on Understanding and Explaining Attitudes to Migration in the Silk Routes | |
| 5 May 2021 | Webinar on Migration as a Response to Environmental Change | |
| 1 – 2 June 2021 | Thematic Meeting on dismantling of smuggling networks: international cooperation and investigations. | |
| 13 June 2021 | First meeting of the Reference Group | |
| 7 July 2021 | Second meeting of the Reference Group | |

(D) THE AFRICA-EU MIGRATION AND MOBILITY DIALOGUE

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| <p><i>The Africa-EU Migration and Mobility Dialogue is the framework for dialogue and cooperation on migration issues between the EU and all African States. It was launched at the second EU-Africa Summit in December 2007 in Lisbon.</i></p> | | |
| <p>Recent and upcoming events</p> | | |
| 21/22 January 2019 | 1 st EU-AU Ministerial Meeting, Brussels | While not a specific agenda point, migration was part of the Joint Communiqué adopted and the discussions. |
| 3 May 2019 | Continental Dialogue, Technical meeting between DEVCO and AIR to prepare the AU EU event on Remittances in Nairobi in December 2019 | Follow-up meeting to the meeting in November 2018 |
| 9-10 December 2019 | Technical meeting on Reduction remittances costs in Nairobi hosted by AIR | Bringing together experts on remittances reduction costs. |
| 11 December 2019 | High Level Dialogue Meeting, Nairobi | Stocktaking and charting way forward |
| 27 February 2020 | College-to-College (C2C) meeting, Addis Ababa | Migration was an agenda point discussed during both the plenary session and a cluster session. |
| 26 October 2021 | AU-EU Foreign Affairs Minister meeting (Ministerial), Kigali/Rwanda | Assessment mission to Kigali, planned for 15-17 September 2021, will determine whether the Ministerial will be physical or virtual. |
| (Q1 2022 (date tbc)) | 6th EU-AU Summit, Brussels | In physical format once conditions allow. |

(E) THE RABAT PROCESS

The Rabat process was launched at the first Euro-African Ministerial Conference on Migration and Development that took place in July 2006 in Rabat. The process aims to enhance dialogue and cooperation between countries of origin, transit and destination along the West African migration route. The fourth ministerial conference was held in Rome in November 2014 where Ministerial Declaration and Action Plan for 2015-17 were adopted. The fifth ministerial conference held in Marrakesh, May 2018, adopted the Marrakesh Programme of Action which aligned the work of the Rabat process with the five themes of the Joint Valetta Action Plan, This dialogue contributes to the implementation of the Valetta Action Plan, adopted at the EU-Africa Summit on Migration on 11-12 November 2015.

Recent and upcoming events

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| 23 January 2019 | Steering Committee, Brussels | Prepare the SOM of 12-13 February |
| 11 February 2019 | Steering Committee, Ouagadougou | Prepare the SOM of 12-13 February |
| 12-13 February 2019 | Senior Officials Meeting, Ouagadougou | Define a work programme for the implementation of the Marrakech Action Plan |
| 3 June 2019 | Steering Committee, Brussels | Handover of presidency from Burkina Faso to France |
| 1-2 July 2019 | Thematic Meeting on Border Management, Madrid | Exchange of information and good practice among the Rabat Process partners |
| 24 October 2019 | Thematic meeting on fight against trafficking of human beings and smuggling of migrants with emphasis on dismantling of criminal networks (event led and chaired by France and Côte d'Ivoire). A side event is also organised: 'Scenario building exercise on future mixed migration in 2030 in West and North Africa' | This meeting is organised back to back with the Niamey Declaration High-Level Conference of 22-23 October 2019 (Organised by France/ Secretariat UNODC). This workshop aims to create synergies between the Rabat Process and the Niamey Declaration signed on 16 March 2018. |
| 5-6 November 2019 | Technical Workshop on Diaspora Remittances and Sustainable Development, Abuja | Bring together technical experts, practitioners from the public and private sectors, civil society organisations, as well as policy- and decision makers (Rabat Process partners) to improve Rabat Process partners' technical understanding; promote mutual learning and the exchange of good practices on remittances. |
| 13 November 2019 | Steering Committee, Brussels | |
| 18 February 2020 | Steering Committee, Brussels | Discussed and finalised Rabat process input to the updating of the Joint Valetta Action Plan |

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| 16 September 2020 | Webinar - Assessment of anti-trafficking efforts, ECOWAS & Mauritania | Presentation of the findings of the “Assessment of Anti-Trafficking Gaps, Needs and Transferrable Practices in the Member States of ECOWAS and Mauritania”. |
| 15 October 2020 | Virtual Steering Committee Meeting | |
| 28 October 2020 | Virtual meeting with Steering Committee members and reference countries Meeting | |
| 21 January 2021 | Webinar on return and reintegration | Updates on main developments and exchange of best practices |
| 19 April 2021 | Webinar on International Migration And Development, | Identify practices from European and African countries in terms of elaboration, implementation, monitoring and multi-level governance of migration-development policies and strategies at the local, national or regional level. |
| 20 April 2021 | Rabat Process Steering Committee and meeting with reference countries (virtual) | |
| 16 June 2021 | <u>Virtual</u> migration scenario-building workshop in collaboration with Mixed Migration Centre | Understanding the Rate of Change in Mixed Migration: The role of technology within migration dynamics |
| 1 July 2021 | Rabat Process Steering Committee (virtual) | |
| 7 July and 13-14 October 2021 | Virtual roundtable (7 July 2021) and a roundtable/study visit (in Geneva, on 13-14 October) on protection and asylum | Exchange of best practices on protection and asylum |
| 14-15 September 2021 | Thematic Meeting on Local Authorities, National Authorities and Migration, Paris. | |
| 29 September 2021 | Rabat Process Steering Committee meeting, Brussels | |
| 29 September 2021 | <u>Virtual</u> migration scenario-building workshop in collaboration with Mixed Migration Centre | Identification of the future mixed migration certainties and uncertainties in North Africa and West Africa: The drivers of mixed migration |
| 13-14 October 2021 | <u>Roundtable and study visit on protection and asylum: risks, assistance and durable solutions, Geneva</u> | Exchange of best practices |
| 27 October 2021 | <u>Virtual</u> migration scenario-building workshop in collaboration with Mixed Migration Centre | Identification of blind spots and weak signals and examining their implications for policy responses: Environmental change |
| 17-18 November 2021 | Senior Officials' Meeting, Malabo | Handover of the Chairmanship from Equatorial Guinea to Spain |

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| 16-17 December 2021 | Thematic meeting on legal migration, Lisbon and scenario-building workshop in collaboration with Mixed Migration Centre (tbc) | Exchange of best practices on legal migration. Developing future mixed migration scenarios in North Africa and West Africa (tbc) |
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(F) THE KHARTOUM PROCESS

The Khartoum Process (the EU Horn of Africa Migration Route Initiative) is a framework for dialogue and cooperation with countries of origin, transit and destination along the migratory route from the Horn of Africa to Europe. It primarily focuses on smuggling of migrants and trafficking in human beings but includes also other areas of migration management including the root causes of irregular migration, legal migration and mobility, asylum and international protection, fight against irregular migration and smuggling of people, and return and readmission. The Khartoum Process contributes to the implementation of the Joint Valletta Action Plan adopted at the EU-Africa Summit on Migration on 11-12 November 2015.

Recent and upcoming events

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| 6-7 March, 2019 | Steering Committee and Senior Officials Meeting, (Asmara) | Eritrea takes over the chairmanship of the Khartoum Process |
| 17 July 2019 | Drafting Committees <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Towards the update of the Joint Valletta Action Plan and • Preparation of the Khartoum Process Multiannual Work Plan | |
| 24- 25 September 2019 | Thematic Meeting on “Legal Frameworks and Policy Development: Optimising the Benefits of Organised Labour Migration”, Cairo | |
| 23-24 October, 2019 | Thematic Meeting on Migration for Development: Harnessing the Potential of Diaspora, Asmara | |
| March 2020 | Steering Committee and Senior Officials’ Meeting, The Hague | The Netherlands takes over the chairmanship the Khartoum Process ; update of JVAP discussed |
| 5 March 2020 | SOM Meeting, The Hague | |
| 2 July 2020 | Khartoum Process Virtual Meeting The impact of COVID-19 on Human Mobility in the Khartoum Process Region and Partners' Responses, VTC | |
| 8 October 2020 | Mixed Migration Centre Webinar for Khartoum Process Members on Mixed Migration and the COVID-19 crisis: What’s next for people on the move in the “New Normal”?, VTC | |
| 2 December 2020 | Steering Committee Meeting, VTC | |
| 31 March 2021 | Trafficking in Human Beings: The 4Ps Revisited. Module 1: Prevention of trafficking for the purpose of labour exploitation (virtual). | |

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| 28 April 2021 | Trafficking in Human Beings: The 4Ps Revisited. Module 2: Protection of Victims of Trafficking (virtual) | |
| 26 May 2021 | Trafficking in Human Beings: The 4Ps Revisited. Module 3: Prosecution (International cooperation) (virtual) | |
| 30 June 2021 | Trafficking in Human Beings: Module 4: Partnership (Public-private partnerships) (virtual) | |
| 21 September 2021 | Virtual Roundtable: Return, Reintegration and Integration: Finding Durable Solutions | |
| 29 September 2021 | Khartoum Process Steering Committee Meeting, Brussels | |
| November 2021 (tbc) | SOM Meeting (Khartoum) | Change of the Chairmanship (NL to Sudan) |

(G) THE ACP-EU MIGRATION DIALOGUE

The ACP-EU Migration Dialogue was launched in June 2010 through a Joint Declaration of the ACP-EU Joint Council. The dialogue is based on Article 13 of the Cotonou Agreement. In May 2011, it was decided to further deepen the dialogue, focusing in particular on 4 thematic areas (Visa, remittances, returns and readmission, THB and smuggling of migrants), with the specific aim to strengthen the operational aspects of ACP-EU cooperation on these topics.

A series of expert meetings took place on a yearly basis. A joint report including recommendations on remittances, visas and readmission was adopted in June 2012 at the ACP-EU Joint Council of Vanuatu. A Joint Visa subgroup meeting, technical workshop on return and readmission and experts' seminar on trafficking in human beings and smuggling of migrants took place in 2014. The last technical dialogue took place in June 2018.

The Dialogue (and in particular the organisation of the thematic meetings) was supported by the EU-ACP Migration Action, a EUR 10M programme which implemented some of the recommendations. The programme finished in August 2019. A final evaluation was carried out and its outcome was presented to EUMS at the ACP WP of 3 June 2020. The Programme covered three components: 1) Demand-driven provision of technical assistance (requested by ACP countries or by regional institutions); 2) Direct support to NSAs projects improving the conditions of migrants and their families; 3) Collection of good practices and dissemination of results.

Both the EU and the ACP sides expressed concerns about the effectiveness of this Dialogue, particularly on the interaction between the political and the technical level, and saw the negotiations of the Post Cotonou Agreement as an opportunity to revisit the EU-ACP migration dialogue and its implementation.

Once the Post Cotonou Agreement enters into force, the ACP-EU Development-Migration Dialogue will be replaced by the Partnership Dialogue, the modalities of which still have to be defined. The dialogue on migration will become part of a wider dialogue, encompassing all policy areas covered by the agreement.

Recent and upcoming events

| | | |
|---------------------|--|---|
| 19-21 February 2019 | Regional Thematic Meeting on Remittances, Accra, Ghana | |
| 12-14 March 2019 | Regional Thematic Meeting on Trafficking in Human Beings and Smuggling of Migrants, Georgetown, Guyana | |
| 18-20 March 2019 | ACP-EU Joint Parliamentary Assembly, Romania | |
| 3-5 April 2019 | Regional Thematic Meeting on Visas and Cooperation on Mobility, Port Vila, Vanuatu | |
| 12 April 2019 | ACP-EU Committee of Ambassadors | Migration was on the agenda |
| 23-24 May 2019 | Joint ACP-EU Council of Ministers, Brussels | Exchange on Migration in a comprehensive discussion on the basis of the implementation of the JVAP and the EUTF |
| 11 July 2019 | ACP-EU Migration Action – Final | The ACP-EU Migration Action |

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| | Event, Brussels | presented good practices and lessons learned based on the analysis of five years of the Action's implementation |
| 17-21 November 2019 | ACP-EU Joint Parliamentary Assembly, Kigali, Rwanda | Migration features in questions from MEPs and COM provided written replies. Migration and Mobility may be addressed during the Plenary, if additional questions arise. |
| 20-22 February 2020 | ACP-EU Joint Parliamentary Assembly, Maseru, Lesotho | Migration did not feature in the final communique |

(H) THE VALLETTA SUMMIT FOLLOW-UP

The Valletta Summit of November 2015 enabled African and EU leaders to establish a frank dialogue and the framework for cooperation on migration including the principles, the language and a comprehensive action plan.

At the Summit it was decided that the existing mechanisms of the Rabat Process, the Khartoum Process and of the Joint EU-Africa Strategy would be used to monitor implementation of the Action plan.

Recent and upcoming events

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| 15 December 2020 | Joint Steering Committee of Khartoum and Rabat Process approved update of Joint Valetta Action Plan (JVAP) | |
| 2022 - TBC | Valletta Partners SOM (including approval of update of JVAP) | |

(I) THE EU-CELAC MIGRATION DIALOGUE

The EU and Latin America and the Caribbean countries (CELAC) Structured and Comprehensive Dialogue on Migration was launched in June 2009 following the mandate of the EU- LAC Lima Summit. The EU-CELAC Action Plan, adopted at the 2010 Madrid Summit, called for further developing this Dialogue. This commitment was renewed during the last EU-CELAC Summit held in Brussels in June 2015.

Recent and upcoming events

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| 23-24 January 2019 | 3 rd EU-CELAC citizen security workshop, Belize | |
| 12-14 June 2019 | Regional Workshop on the outflow of migrants and refugees from Venezuela, in Brussels (TAIEX, FPI) | With the participation of 9 LAC countries: COL, ECU, PER, CHI, ARG, BRA, GUY, PAN, Dom. REP. |
| 28-29 October 2019 | International Solidarity Conference on the Venezuelan Refugee and Migrant crisis, Brussels | With participation of European Commission, EEAS, UNHCR, IOM, NGOs |
| 5-6 December 2019 | Regional Workshop on the outflow of migrants and refugees from Venezuela, in Bogota (Colombia) | With the participation of 9-10 LAC countries. |
| 25 May 2020 | Virtual Donors Conference in solidarity with Venezuelan refugees and migrants in countries in the region, amid the COVID-19 pandemic | Co-hosted by Spain and the EU, supported by UNHCR and IOM. Over 40 countries along with UN Agencies, international financial institutions and representatives of national and international civil society. |
| 14 December 2020 | EU – LAC Informal Ministerial Meeting - Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the countries of the European Union (EU) and Latin America and the Caribbean (LAC) | Joint Communiqué: mentions that migration and population mobility in LAC are increasingly important health determinants and require greater cooperation |
| 10 June 2021 | Solidarity Event for forcibly displaced persons and host communities in Central America and Mexico (MIRPS countries), San José (Costa Rica). | Organized by Spain as the Presidency of the MIRPS Support Platform. A total of \$ 110 million were announced in the event by the different participants. |
| 17 June 2021 | International Donors' Conference in Solidarity with Venezuelan Refugees and Migrants | The European Commission pledged €147 million, in addition to pledges by EU Member States. |

J) COUNTER-SMUGGLING COOPERATION WITH AFRICAN PARTNERS

A ministerial conference to counter migrant smuggling with African partners was hosted by Italy on 13 July 2020, with the participation of France, Germany (as Presidency), Malta, Spain, as well as Algeria, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco and Tunisia and Commissioners Johansson and Várhelyi. This initiative aims to improve operational cooperation between the above EU and African partners in countering migrant smuggling and border management.

Follow-up calls with senior officials from each African partner country are being organised, where possible as part of wider dialogues.

| Recent and upcoming events | | |
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| 13 July 2020 | Ministerial conference between EU and African partners to enhance operational cooperation on countering migrant smuggling | Chaired by Italian Minister Luciana Lamorgese with the participation of Commissioners Johansson and Várhelyi |
| 17 August 2020 | Visit to Tunisia by Commissioners Johansson and Várhelyi and Italian ministers Lamorgese and Di Maio | |
| 18 September 2020 | Visit to Mauritania by Commissioner Johansson and Spanish interior minister Grande-Marlaska | |
| 30 November 2020 | Follow-up video-conference with Mauritanian senior officials | |
| 2021 | Follow-up video-conferences with senior officials from Mauritania, Algeria, Tunisia, Morocco and Libya as part of migration dialogues or other engagements (separately per country) | |

GLOBAL FORUM FOR MIGRATION AND DEVELOPMENT

The GFMD is an initiative of the UN Member States to address the migration and development nexus in practical and action-oriented ways. It is an informal, non-binding, voluntary and government-led process.

The process emerged after the UN High-level Dialogue on International Migration and Development on 14-15 September 2006. The second High-level Dialogue on 3-4 October 2013 confirmed the GFMD as a valuable forum for holding frank and open discussions, which has helped to build trust among participating stakeholders.

The 8th GFMD Summit came immediately after the adoption of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, which includes migration as a recognised development enabler. During Turkey’s Chairmanship, an important feature was the insertion of forced displacement and refugees on the agenda, not the least due to the Syrian refugee crisis.

Ecuador is currently chairing the process.

Recent and upcoming events

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| <p>20-24 January 2020 (POSTPONED)</p> | <p>11th GFMD Summit, Quito</p> | <p><i>Theme: Upholding rights, strengthening state agency, and advancing development through partnerships and collective action</i>". Under this theme, the main three substantive focuses of the Chairmanship are:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Joint responses to mixed migration flows: Partnerships and collective action to protect rights. 2. Migration narratives and communication: What role, responsibility and resources do governments have? <p>Addressing human mobility as part of urban and rural development strategies.</p> |
| <p>18-26 January 2021</p> | <p>13th GFMD Summit UAE on-line, opening speech by Commissioner Johansson</p> | <p>Theme: The Future of Human Mobility: Innovative Partnerships for Sustainable Development</p> |

UNITED NATIONS

The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development adopted by the United Nations General Assembly on 25 September 2015 recognizes that migration contributes to circular growth and development. It calls on UN Member States to increase international cooperation by facilitating orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people. In this respect, the EU counts on a long-standing strategic partnership with the UN. In December 2018, the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration (GCM) and the Global Compact on Refugees (GCR) were adopted by the UN General Assembly. This concluded the intense two-year process launched with the adoption of the New York Declaration for Refugees and Migrants in September 2016. Follow-up and review under the Global Compact on Refugees will be conducted through the Global Refugee Forum (held every four years unless otherwise decided); high-level officials' meetings (held every two years between Forums); as well as annual reporting to the United Nations General Assembly by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees. The first Global Refugee Forum took place on 16-18 December 2019. A high-level officials meeting will take place in 2021 to take stock of progress and look ahead to the next Global Refugee Forum. UN Member States will review implementation of the GCM through the International Migration Review Forum, to take place every four years beginning in 2022.

Recent and upcoming events

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| Feb/May 2019 | Consultations by the co-facilitators on the modalities for the International Migration Review Forum | |
| June 2019 | Negotiations on the modalities for the International Migration Review Forum, New York | |
| March 2019 | First UNHCR Preparatory Meeting in Geneva for the Global Refugee Forum of 17 and 18 December 2019 | |
| June 2019 | Second UNHCR Preparatory Meeting in Geneva for the Global Refugee Forum of 17 and 18 December 2019 | |
| July 2019 | UN General Assembly adopted the modalities for the International Migration Review Forum (Global Compact on Migration) | |
| 11 December 2019 | First Annual Meeting of the UN Network on Migration | |
| 17-18 December 2019 | First Global Refugee Forum (Global Compact on Refugees) | |
| 12-13 November 2020 | First Regional Review of the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration in the UNECE Region | |
| 1 December 2020 | High-level launch of first biennial UN Secretary-General Report "From Promise to Action" on the GCM | <i>UNSG Report on GCM implementation, focusing on key achievements and advancements in GCM implementation mainly among its champion countries. It could not escape the shadow that the COVID-19 pandemic put on its progress. The report present a good snapshot of the achievements of the past two years.</i> |
| 27 January 2021 | Virtual consultation on the 2021 High- | |

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| | Level Officials Meeting and proposed orientations for the GCR indicator report | |
| 4-8 October 2021 | UNHCR Executive Committee meeting | Adoption of conclusions on International protection and durable solutions in the context of a public health emergency |
| 14-15 December 2021 | High-level Officials meeting under the Global Compact on Refugees | |
| 2022 | International Migration Review Forum (IMRF) | |

Compiled by DG HOME/A3
