MONTHLY REVIEW: JANUARY 2021



This monthly press review covers Eurafrican migration control, migration and displacement in African countries and news on the European border regime. In case there is a news item, report, or campaign you would like to flag for in next month's review please write us to migr-contr@ffm-online.org or on Twitter @MigControl

CENTRAL AFRICA

Central African Republic 31.01.21: <u>BBC</u>: Central African Republic's capital in 'apocalyptic situation' as rebels close in: Rebel forces who dispute the validity of President Faustin Archange Toudaéra's re-election in December are surrounding the CRA capital Bangui. The rebels are now in control of two -thirds of the country. According to the UN more than 200,000 people have been displaced following the eruption of conflict last month.

Chad 19.01.21: Al Wihda: The city of Adre is hosting more than 25000 refugees following the violence in Soudan (La ville d'Adre accueille plus de 2500 réfugies suite aux violences au Soudan): The Chadian city of Adre which is located close to the border to Sudan has experienced an influx of refugees from Sudan's West Darfur region as conflicts intensify. Mid-January more than 2550 refugees accounting for 300 households were present in the city.

Chad 24.01.21: Army Recognition: France delivers nine ERC-90 Sagaie 6x6 armored vehicles with 90mm cannon to Chad army: According to a statement released by the French embassy in Chad on January 23, 2021, France has delivered nine ERC-90 Sagaie, a 6x6 armored vehicle armed with a 90 mm cannon to the Chadian army during an official ceremony that was held in the capital N'Djamena, on January 23, 2021. (This specific type of armored vehicles, the ERC-90, was developed in the 1970s specifically to operate in the Sahel. The nine vehicles delivered to Chad are being replaced as the French army progressively upgrades its equipment.)

EAST AFRICA

Ethiopia/Sudan 13.01.21: NYT: Dozens Die in Ethnic Massacre in Troubled Ethiopian Region: Another massacre in Benishangul-Gumuz region with at least 80 people killed has been reported by Ethiopian Human Rights Commission and witnesses. It was the latest of several bloody outbursts over the past year in the western region, along the border with Sudan, where ethnic tensions are running high.

Eritrea/Tigray 28.01.21: Eritrea Hub: Eritrea's mass mobilisation for a "final offensive" in the Tigray war: Several unconfirmed reports smuggled out of Eritrea indicate that a mass mobilization of 200,000 conscripts formerly excluded from forced conscription, including women, retired and children as young as 16. According to

underground news reports the offensive is considered a final offensive against the Tigray Liberation Front.

Ethiopia/Tigray 21.01.21: <u>United Nations</u>: United Nations Special Representative of the Secretary-General on Sexual Violence in Conflict, Ms. Pramila Patten, urges all parties to prohibit the use of sexual violence and cease hostilities in the Tigray region of Ethiopia: UN Special Representative on Sexual Violence in Conflict urged all parties to the conflict in the Tigrary region to prohibit the use of sexual violence amid allegations of sexual violence in the Tigray region and reports of forced rape.

See also 12.01.21: New Humanitarian: Ethiopia: A partial view of the humanitarian fallout emerges in Tigray.

Sudan 05.01.21: <u>Dabanga</u>: Sudanese professionals demand dissolution of Rapid Support Forces: The Sudanese Professionals Association (SPA), who has been the driving force behind the 2018 December Revolution which led to the ousting of dictator Omar Al Bashir in 2019, has called for an end of the violence perpetuated by the paramilitary Rapid Support Forces (RSF). The demand comes after the killing of a young activist who was tortured to death in one of the RSF detention centres. The SPA submitted a memorandum to the justice minister and the attorney general, demanding them to inform the Sudanese about their right to a secure life. They also call for the dissolution of the paramilitary forces and their integration into the Sudan Armed forces.

See also 15.01.21: <u>Dabanga</u>: <u>Sudanese Professionals Association protests against RSF detention centres continue</u>, 18,01.21: <u>Radio Dabanga</u>: <u>Sudan forces break up Khartoum protest against illegal detention centres</u>.

Sudan 21.01.21: <u>Dabanga</u>: **Darfur: More information on the El Geneina attacks**: It is estimated that roughly 60,000 people are now displaced within the city El Geneina itself following the escalation of violence in, and around, West Darfur's state capital. The total number of people that have fled their homes is thought to be more than 90,000. Even though the curfew was loosened after the apparent restoration of calm in the town, there are still reports of attacks. These included the attempted assassination of the West Darfur wali (governor). Activists and politicians have expressed anger over the slow government response.

Sudan/Darfur 31.01.21: <u>Dabanga</u>: RSF 'Peace Shield Forces' arrive in South Darfur: A significant contingent of Rapid Support Forces (RSF) paramilitaries have arrived in South Darfur as "Peace Shield Forces" to maintain peace and to restore stability after the renewed deadly tribal disputes in West and South Darfur.

Sudan 31.01.21: <u>Dabanga</u>: Friends of Sudan to promote investment, debt relief: A virtual meeting, convened by Germany of the Friends of Sudan group, which includes the USA, France, Germany, Britain, Ethiopia, Saudi Arabia, UAE, and Egypt, as well as international institutions, was held on Thursday

Sudan/Darfur 19.01.21: <u>UNFPA</u>: Al Geneina West Darfur: The security situation in Sudan's West Darfur state worsened since mid-January after fighting erupted among

the region's Arab and Massalit Tribes. According to initial reports the fighting led to the burning down of households and the displacement of thousands of IDPs which had found shelter in the region's Krinding camps.

Uganda 01.02.21: <u>Deutsche Welle</u>: Uganda election: Bobi Wine challenges result in court: The Ugandan opposition leader Bobi Wine's petition challenging the validity of the elections held in 2021 has been accepted for review by the Ugandan Supreme Court. Wine's home has been surrounded by police in the aftermath of the elections. International elections observers were excluded from observing the elections and internet shut down days before the vote.

See also 21.01.21: <u>Human Rights Watch</u>: **Ugandan elections marred by violence**

WEST AFRICA

Burkina Faso 11.01.21: <u>RFI</u>: Nouveau gouvernement au Burkina Faso: l'opposant Zéphirin Diabré nommé ministre: The new government of Burkina Faso under reelected President Kaboré was formed earlier this month. Among the new members of the government is opposition leader Zéphirin Diabré has joined as Minister of State.

See also 18.01.21: <u>RFI</u>: Interview: Zéphirin Diabré: finding oneself in the Burkinabe government "is not a sacrilege" (Zéphirin Diabré: se retrouver au gouvernement burkinabè «n'a rien d'un sacrilège»)

Mali 28.01.21: <u>Sahel Analysis</u>: **Sahel: Feuding herders and farmers in central Mali endorse peace**: The Swiss organization Centre for Humanitarian Dialogue stated that on January 12 and 24 after months of negotiation representatives from herder and farmer communities have signed three 'peace agreements'. Representatives are from Koro an area bordering Burkina Faso.

See also 27.01.21: Al Jazeera: Ethnic groups in central Mali sign 'three peace agreements'

Mali 05.01.21: <u>taz</u>: Ethnische Milizen in Mali: Auf Menschenjagd (Ethnic Militias in Mali: On Manhunt): For years, Mali's government tolerated and sometimes even supported the Dogon militia Dan Na Ambassagou. The militia which hunts Peul people, calling them jihadists, is seeking official acknowledgement by the new regime.

Mali 21.01.21: The Sahel Analysis: Mali police and army repress anti-French army protest: Malian security forces fired tear gas at dozens of demonstrators in the capital Bamako in the end of the month during an unauthorised rally against France's military role in the country. Police roadblocks also stopped motorbike convoys of protesters making their way towards the square from different parts of the city.

See also 22.01.21: <u>The Sahel Analysis</u>: **Regime in Bamako bans the people of Mali from protesting foreign military presence**

Mauritania 16.01.21: NATO: NATO Secretary General: Mauritania is a committed partner: Following Mauritanian President's first ever visit to the NATO, Mauritania and the NATO agreed on enter on closer dialogue on counter-terrorism. Stoltenberg, NATO Secretary General said: "This dialogue can lead to greater cooperation between NATO and Mauritania, including on border security and countering improvised explosive devices."

See also 16.01.21 <u>CRIDEM</u>: L'OTAN enverra des experts en Mauritanie pour renforcer la coopération avec les pays du Sahel - Stoltenberg

Niger 08.01.21: <u>Africa News</u>: Over 10,000 people flee violence: According to the UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs an estimated 10,600 people fled following two violent attacks on January 2nd in Niger's Tillaberi region.

See also 22.01.21: Al Jazeera: UN says two million internally displaced by Sahel violence

Niger 12.01.21: Eyewitness: Niger opposition seeks single candidate in presidential poll: "Opposition parties in Niger have urged candidates preparing for the second round of presidential elections on February 21 to rally behind former president Mahamane Ousmane, the runner-up to Mohamed Bazoum in last month's first round. Gathered in a coalition called Cap 20-21, 18 parties launched "an appeal for civic responsibility from all the political forces in Niger... to join the final combat."

See also 11.01.21: <u>Actu Niger</u>: Declaration of the Coalition for Political Alternation CAP 20-21 and Allies on the 1st round local, legislative and presidential elections (Déclaration de la Coalition pour l'Alternance Politique CAP 20-21 et Alliés Sur les élections locales, législatives et présidentielles du 1er tour), 22.01.21: <u>Deutsche Welle</u>: Mohamed Bazoum's stay in Paris raises questions (Le séjour de Mohamed Bazoum à Paris pose des questions), 23.01.21: <u>Jeune Afrique</u>: Presidential election in Niger: Mahamane Ousmane and Mohamed Bazoum in search of allies (Présidentielle au Niger: Mahamane Ousmane et Mohamed Bazoum en quête d'alliés)

Nigeria 16.01.21: Al Jazeera: Armed group captures military base in northeast Nigeria: Government troops and hundreds of residents have been forced to flee after an armed group overran a town and captured a military base in northeast Nigeria's Borno state in an attack claimed by the ISIL (ISIS) group, security sources said. Machinegun-wielding fighters from the Islamic State West Africa Province (ISWAP) attacked the base in the town of Marte in the Lake Chad area overnight on Friday into Saturday, two sources told AFP news agency.

See also 11.01.21: <u>Institute for Security Studies</u>: **Boko Haram blocks Lake Chad trade routes**

Senegal 12.01.21: Global Risk Insights: Conflict Moves West in Mali towards the Senegalese Border: "The Katiba Macina, a jihadist group originating in the Mopti region in Mali, has started in the recent months to settle in the Kayes region, in the West of Mali. This situation threatens to extend the Malian unrest into neighboring countries, particularly Senegal, which has been safe up to now from attacks by jihadist brigades".

See also 30.11.20: <u>Dakaractu</u>: **Expansion djihadiste vers l'ouest : Comment la Katiba** Macina s'approche dangereusement du Sénégal...

Senegal 26.01.21: Amnesty International: Sénégal. Boubacar Seye, le président de l'ONG Horizons Sans Frontières, doit être libéré (Senegal. Boubacar Seye, president of the NGO Horizons Sans Frontières, must be released): The Senegalese Director of the NGO Horizons without Borders (Horizons Sans Frontières) was arrested at Dakar airport on January 15 on the accusation of spreading false news. His NGO works on issues pertaining to migration. In an interview in October last year, Seye criticised the mismanagement of migration related EU funds.

See also 30.01.21: <u>Press Afrik</u>: Victime d'une crise cardiaque vendredi, Boubacar Seye évacué au Pavillon spécial: la diaspora s'offusque (Victim of a heart attack on Friday, Boubacar Seye evacuated to the Special Pavilion: the diaspora takes offence)

NORTH AFRICA

Egypt 26.01.21: Al Jazeera: Egypt's military dominates 10 years after revolution: On the 25th of January the Egyptian revolution was started exactly ten years ago. In a reflection on the military role ten years later this article finds: "In the years since, the military's involvement in the country's politics and business has only grown, signalling that the institution will continue to dominate Egypt and retain its power base, independent of oversight."

See also 25.01.21: <u>Der Spiegel</u>: Amnesty-Bericht über ägyptische Gefängnisse »Folter, Misshandlungen und gezielte Unterversorgung« (Amnesty report on Egyptian prisons "torture, ill-treatment and targeted shortages"), 21.02.21: <u>The North Africa Journal</u>: Egypt: Decade after anti-regime protests, General Sisi neutralized opposition, killed democracy

Libya 10.01.21: <u>LibyaObserver</u>: NCHRL: In excess of 11,000 migrants returned to Libya having been rescued at sea: The National Commission for Human Rights in Libya (NCHRL) announced that the total number of people rescued at sea and returned to Libya reached 11891 in 2020. Meanwhile the total number of evacuated refugees reached 811 in the same year.

Central Med 20.01.21: Al Jazeera: Dozens of migrants killed in shipwreck off Libya's coast: In the first reported tragic boat disaster of 2021 at least 43 people lost their lives sinking off the coast of Libya on Tuesday 19.01.21. In a joint statement the IOM and UNHCR stated that the boat sailed from the city of Zawiya and sank due to bad weather. Since 2014 more than 17,000 have drowned in the Mediterranean.

Tunisia 30.01.21: Al Jazeera: Police everywhere justice nowhere, hundreds protests in Tunisia: Since mid-January, the anniversary of the Arab spring, there have been near-daily protests against corruption and police brutality in Tunisia. While hundreds of people marched on the last January weekend in the capital, more than 1,000 people have been arrested in the country in the past two weeks.

See also 18.01.21: <u>Al Jazeera</u>: Protests over Poor Economy Spread to a Dozen Cities, 21.01.21: <u>North Africa Journal</u>: Unable to govern, North African governments are using repression as their only tool in their toolbox, 24.01.21: <u>Al Jazeera</u>: Tunisia protests continue against police brutality, corruption, 20.01.21: <u>Al Jazeera</u>: Tunisia's youth led protests explained

Tunisia 24.01.21: Al Jazeera: Tunisian border traders, smugglers struggle to survive amid COVID: Strict coronavirus restrictions have hit vital border trade in southeast Tunisia hard, resulting in many young people braving the dangerous journey to Europe.

EUROPEAN UNION

EASO 13.01.21: EASO: EASO operations expand to all major EU countries of first arrival. In 2021, EASO's operational support to national asylum and reception authorities will cover all five Mediterranean EU Member States which receive the most asylum applications (Cyprus, Greece, Italy, Malta, Spain), accounting for 50% of the Agency's budget. EASO will deploy approximately 2 000 personnel and will commit over EUR 70 million to its operations.

EU 31.01.21: <u>Matthias Monroy</u>: EU has spent over 300 million on surveillance with drones in four years: Unmanned systems have been flying regularly for the European Union's agencies since 2017. Now, member states are also receiving funding for drones at their external borders. Soon, remote-controlled patrol boats could be deployed.

European Council 11.01.21: European Council: EUCAP Sahel Mali: mission extended until 31 January 2023 and mandate adjusted: "The Council has decided to extend the mandate of EU civilian mission EUCAP Sahel Mali until 31 January 2023 and has allocated it a budget of over €89 million for the period from 15 January 2021 to 31 January 2023."

European Council 14.01.21: <u>Statewatch</u>: **EU: Renewed deportation agreement with Afghanistan close to approval:** The EU is close to adopting a renewed agreement with Afghanistan to facilitate further deportations to the war-torn country. A note from the Commission to the Council, dated 13 January, says "all requests made by Member States" are included in the new Joint Declaration on Migration Cooperation.

FRONEX 11.01.21: Politico: EU watchdog opens investigation into border agency Frontex: "The EU's anti-fraud watchdog, OLAF, has opened an investigation into Frontex, the bloc's border agency, over allegations of harassment, misconduct and migrant pushbacks, according to four EU officials. OLAF investigators have been interviewing members of the Warsaw-based agency "since the start of last month," said one of the officials, who spoke on condition of anonymity, as did the other three."

FRONTEX 15.01.21: Matthias Monroy: Artificial intelligence: Frontex improves its maritime surveillance: "Frontex wants to use a new platform to automatically detect and assess "risks" on the seas of the European Union. Suspected irregular activities

are to be displayed in a constantly updated "threat map" with the help of self-learning software."

FRONTEX 15.01.21: Statewatch: EU: Agreement between Frontex and Mediterranean military force: cooperation on pullbacks to Libya?: A new agreement between Frontex and Operation Irini aims to increase cooperation on "the promotion of European integrated border management standards" and "situational awareness and risk analysis". Critics are likely to question whether the agreement will support 'pullbacks' by the so-called Libyan coast guard.

FRONTEX 27.01.21: <u>EU Observer</u>: Frontex suspends operations in Hungary: "Frontex is suspending its activities in Hungary" according to a spokesperson from the EU border agency. This comes after Hungary continued to push back migrants into Serbia, which is in violation of a European Court of Justice ruling from December 2020, making Frontex complicit by continuing to participate in border surveillance and border protection activities.

See also 01.01.21: EU Observer: Hungary 'ignoring EU court ruling on asylum'

FRONTEX 05.02.21: ZDF Magazin Royale: FRONTEX FILES: "From 2017 to 2019, the European Border and Coast Agency held 16 meetings with lobbyists –the Who's Who of the weapons industry. No external observers were in attendance, and Frontex hasn't let the public know what was discussed at these meetings. Members of the European Parliament asked Frontex two years ago to publish a lobbying transparency register, but that still hasn't happened. Since Frontex is not living up to its responsibilities as an EU agency, ZDF Magazin Royale is lending a hand. We hereby present the FRONTEX FILES, the first lobbying transparency register of Frontex, the European Border and Coast Guard Agency.

EUROPE

Bosnia and Herzegovina 15.01.21: ECRE: Balkan Route: Life-threatening Conditions for People trapped in Bosnia as Temperatures Fall: This month the set-up of heated tents at the Lipa camp have been set up. The humanitarian situation in and around the camp remains highly alarming, many people in need of protection are still sleeping rough while temperatures are dropping. Meanwhile political resistance towards finding adequate shelter persists in Bosnia.

See also 23.12.20: <u>Aljazeera</u>: **Šef IOM-a: Požar u kampu Lipa izazvali migrant,** 23.12.20: <u>Facebook</u>: **Kamp Lipa, Bihać**

France/Sahel 07.01.21: Independant: France seeks strategy change to reduce troops in West Africa: As France reportedly considers to change its military strategy in the Sahel zone. French Minister of Defence stated in an interview with the Le Parisien newspaper in the beginning of January that it is likely to reduce its troops in the region. An official announcement is expected at the international military operation summit, which will be hold in Chad's capital N'Djamena in February. According to a

top official at the French presidency, that the decision is based on results of previous years and Sahel countries demands.

See also 06.01.21: <u>France 24</u>: After eight years France seeks exit strategy, 06.01.21: <u>SWP</u>: Denis M. Tull: Operation Barkhane and the Future of Intervention in the Sahel. The Shape of Things to Come

France 15.01.21: ECRE Weekly: France: Calais Evictions Continue Despite Winter, Family Reunifications Continue to be Blocked: Civil society organisations are alarmed over French authorities continued evictions of migrants from their tents and other belongings despite the freezing temperatures in Calais. Journalists are effectively prevented from covering the evacuations and dismantling of the camps, and accuse the French authorities of "obstructing the freedom of press". Foreign residents in France have denounced the COVID-related 'visa freeze' that prevents them from being joined by their families.

Germany 14.01.21: <u>Mediendienst Intergration</u>: **Die wichtigsten Asylzahlen 2020** (Number of Asylum-Seekers 2020): In 2020, significantly fewer refugees reached Germany and Europe than in previous years. This is largely due to the travel restrictions introduced in many countries because of the Covid 19 pandemic. Around 122,000 people applied for asylum in Germany last year. Of these, however, only about 76,000 people actually entered last year

Germany 24.12.20: <u>FragDenStaat</u>: Wie Innenminister Seehofer die Seenotrettung blockieren wollte (How German home secretary Seehofer wanted to block Sea Rescue) (DE): Federal Interior Minister Horst Seehofer has been trying to obstruct civilian sea rescue for years. As a personal letter from Seehofer to his cabinet colleague Andreas Scheuer, published by us, shows, he also wanted to have German rescue ships arrested in the summer.

Italy 06.01.21: <u>Deutsche Welle</u>: **Open Arms ship with 256 migrants on board anchors off Italy**: The civilian search and rescue boat run by the Spanish organization Open Arms was allowed to anchor off the coast of Italy on Monday 4th of January. The boat had 265 rescued people on board, including 50 minors.

Italy 28.01.21: The Guardian: Italy 'failed to protect life' in 2013 drowning of 200 people, rules UN: The UN Human Rights Committee found on Wednesday that Italy had failed its duty to protect human life by delaying a rescue mission for a sinking boat in the Mediterranean. The assessment concerns an incident on 11 October 2013 when repeated requests for help by people on a sinking boat were ignored by the Italian Coast Guard and 200 people drowned. The case was brought by Syrian and Palestinian survivors who lost their relatives.

Italy 28.12.20: Altreconomia: Rotta balcanica: nel 2020 record di respingimenti dall'Italia verso la Slovenia (Balkan route: record number of rejections from Italy to Slovenia in 2020): The border police in Trieste and Gorizia "readmitted" 1,240 migrants and asylum seekers between January and mid-November (420% more than in 2019). Several of them were chained pushed back to Bosnia, where the situation has precipitated: thousands are abandoned in the cold, in the woods.

Spain/Melilla 19.01.21: <u>Deutsche Welle:</u> Migranten stürmen auf Melilla (Migrants storm Melilla): Around 150 mainly young men had tried to cross the six-metre-high border fence between Morocco and the Spanish enclave of Melilla earlier last month. According to the Spanish authorities, 87 of them managed to enter Spanish territory and thus the European Union. They were registered in a reception centre.

Switzerland 12.01.21: Federal Council: Switzerland and The Gambia sign two agreements on cooperation in civil aviation and migration (Die Schweiz und Gambia unterzeichnen zwei Abkommen über die Zusammenarbeit in der Zivilluftfahrt und der Migration): Switzerland and The Gambia sign two agreements on cooperation in civil aviation and migration. "The signed agreement makes it possible to regulate the modalities of identification and the issuance of replacement travel documents, as well as other issues relating to the practical organisation of the return of nationals who are illegally present. Switzerland has so far concluded eight similar migration agreements, including with Angola, Cameroon, Benin and Tunisia. In addition, there are 56 other agreements in the area of return."

REPORTS

01/21: <u>ACLED</u>: **Ten Conflicts to Worry About in 2021**: Conflict levels in 2020 slightly decreased from 2019 in all regions except Africa. Still, many conflicts continued unabated despite the global COVID-19 pandemic, and several took on new dimensions as actors responded to the health crisis. Because the pandemic is a unique development, we expect global conflict levels, locations, and agents to increase significantly in 2021. Among the conflicts described, there is valid information on Ethiopia, Sahel, and Mozambique.

14.01.21: <u>Alarmphone</u>: A Struggle for Every Single Boat: Over the past six months, from July to December 2020, we witnessed a continuity in the Central Mediterranean Sea, with Italian and Maltese state actors withdrawing from their rescue obligations, the administrative detention of the civil fleet and the unresponsiveness of the so-called Libyan Coast Guard in situations where people were in extreme distress off the Libyan shores. The combination of these elements has inevitably led to an increasing rescue gap, more suffering and many shipwrecks at sea.

See also 12.01.21: The New Humanitarian: Death on the Central Mediterranean: 2013-2020

16.01.21: <u>Bulgaria.Monitoring</u>: **Push-Backs and Pull-Backs**: <u>Bulgaria and Turkey continue to collaborate closely as ,gatekeepers' of the EU</u>: Border Monitoring Bulgaria (BMB) mentioned in its new report from June 2020 the ongoing usage of Push Backs at the external borders of Bulgaria. The tactics of the Bulgarian Border Police contain dogs, pepper spray, beating and robbing and are mentioned frequently by numerous other organizations. Also, many children are involved into these cases, as the organization Save the children wrote in one of their latest reports.

January 2021: Irida: Vulneraciones de Derechos en la Frontera Sur: Gran Canaria y Melilla (Rights Violations on the Southern Border: Gran Canaria and Melilla): This report is based on fieldwork carried out during one week on the island of Gran Canaria and 4 days in Melilla. A team of 5 people, composed of 3 members of Irídia and two external researchers, carried out fieldwork in Gran Canaria between the 2nd and the 8th of December. The interdisciplinary team was composed of an expert in international relations, a psychologist, a political scientist, a communicator and a lawyer. The team conducted several in-depth interviews with both local and international entities present on the ground.

CAMPAIGNS

Action Toutes aux frontières: <u>Feminist action against European borders</u>: In order to break with the militaristic and patriarchal history, we are organizing a large transnational feminist action on June 5 2021 in Nice.

Campaign ECRE: Human Rights Compliance - <u>#HardlyRocketScience</u> is ECRE's campaign to ensure that the European Pact on Asylum and Migration will respect fundamental human rights.

UPCOMING EVENTS

Online Event LSE European Institute: Event postponed, <u>Europe's Refugee 'Crisis':</u> where are we now?

Online Event Medico international: 12.-14.02.21: <u>Die (Re)konstruktion der Welt. Hilfe.</u> Solidarität. Politik.

Online Event ZiF: 11.02.21: Crimmigration. On the Merger of Crime, Control and Migration Control

Online Event The Left Berlin: 09.02.21: Ten Years since the North African revolution